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ABSTRACT

This occupational analysis data was assembled to help cosmetology instructors develop a course of study. Following a job description for a cosmetologist, the remainder of the content in . standard task analysis format presents an analysis of twelve cosmetologist duties (tasks). Each of the twelve duties is broken down into its components (one or more sub-tacks) and for each sub-task the following are given: task statement; tools, equipment, materials, objects acted upon; steps; safety-hazards; decisions; cues; errors; science skills/concepts; math-number systems skills/concepts; and communications (includes performance modes, examples, and skills/concept's). The cosmetologist duties covered are managing the business and shop, maintaining the dispensary, sanitizing and sterilizing equipment, performing manicures and pedicures, performing skin care, performing scalp care, shampooing and rinsing hair, cutting and shaping hair, waving and relaxing hair, bleaching and coloring hair, styling hair, and cating for the wig. (EH)

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AN ANALYSIS OF THE COSMETOLOGY OCCUPATION

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	С	Sanitizing and Sterilizing Equipment
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	F٠	Performing Scalp Care
	G	Shampooing and Rinsing Hair 107
	H٠	Cutting and Shaping Hair
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	J	Bleaching and Coloring Hair
	K	Styling Hair
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PREFACE

This analysis was done to jog the memory of the experienced masters of our occupation. It was prepared with the idea that the instructor use it as a guide to curriculum development and not as a teaching instrument. It provides task analyses and references designed to aid the instructor in writing a course of study.

Cosmetologists throughout the state were given a list of 130 tasks done in the salon and asked to rank them according to how often they were performed. Due to the many and varied tasks confronting cosmetologists on an everyday basis, we could not handle all of this material in its proper sequence. We tried not to emphasize one or two duties, but to cover as many of the important tasks performed most frequently in the salon.

The writers of this analysis do not even begin to presume that the material presented is entirely complete or even without error, due partly to our ever changing field.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT .

Acknowledgement is extended to the following persons who provided valuable assistance in the development of this analysis.

Carol R. DiPietro — Communications
Diana Buckeye — Mathematics
Ted Gerber — Sciences

Special mention and acknowledgement is extended to William Ashley, Faith Justice and Charles Smithson for their assistance and guidance during the development of this analysis.

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JOB DESCRIPTION

After completion of 1500 hours of Cosmetology practice and study, the development of the student has been achieved in the world of his professional trade and his obligations pertaining to the trade.

These achievements are the important factors which develop employment and better understanding in the many skills in the field of Cosmetology.

These skills include: ethics, good grooming, poise, safety, accuracy, and professionalism. Civic and public relations are expected and carried out.

Duty A Managing Business and Shop

- Greeting customers Answer telephone
- Schedule appointments (by telephone or direct contact)
 Maintain customer's service record

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Appointment book Service check Chair Styling station Patron	Review patron's name before she comes in or before you greet her Warm, sincere smile with greeting Call by name Help with coat 'Escort to station Hold chair steady Get or wait for instruction	Hold chair — patron may miss seat if chair swivels (especially senior-citizen) Remove rubbers or galoshes
Determine name Determine if styling chair swivels free or locks Decide to get instructor	CUES Appointment book, guest check, another student, teacher, we all like to be called by name Look Patron anxiety	Not knowing name Not holding chair Not excusing yourself, not engaging in pleasant conversation while waiting

· LIMON SINIEMETALL CHE	ETHIO, COSTOMERS		<u> </u>	
	SCIENCE	,	 MATH - NUMBER	SYSTEMS
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COMMUNICATIONS

	COMMUNICATIONS	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Talking	Polite, modulated voice, what service to be performed	Clarity
Observing	Patron anxiety Patron's needs	Making judgements
		•
		1

	(TASK STATEMENT) ANSWER TELEPHO	NE	3.
	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
	Telephone Pencil Pen Appointment book Pad Telephone directory	Arrange desk Answer promptly Identify company Receive message Conversation close	Wet hands or hair — stormy weather
	relephone directory		
`			
-	Customer's attitude Customer's needs	CUES Customer complaint Appointment book	ERRORS Not answering on first or second ring Loud voice Improper grammar and slang use
,			15

B

(TASK STATEMENT) SCHEDULE APPOINTMENTS (BY TELEPHONE OR DIRECT CONTACT)

18

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Telephone Pencit Pen Appointment book Pad Telephone directory	Telephone: Arrange desk Answer promptly Identify company Entrance approach to making appointment: Acknowledgement of appointment Write appointment in appointment book In case of direct contact, give patron information appointment card Closing	
DECISIONS Appointment schedule Determine time of service for operator Patron's telephone number	CUES Convience of openings Type of service Type of service, patron's history of not keeping appointment	ERRORS Patron booked to close Patron booked to close Transpose number

(TASK STATEMENT) SCHEDULE APPOINTMENTS (BY TELEPHONE OR DIRECT CONTACT)

SCIE	ENCE ·		M	ATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
		, • .	Measurement: non-geor	metric — time
		3		
	•	* ,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	,			N
		COMMUI	NICATIONS ,	(
PERFORMANCE MODE Speaking Writing	D	iscourteous isspelled names, trans illegible handwritin		SKILLS/CONCEPTS Clarity of expression Clarity of expression
		a or		
IC;0				21

(TASK STATEMENT) MAINTAIN CUSTOMER'S SERVICE RECORD

THAN STATEMENT WATER AND CUSTON	IERS SERVICE RECORD	
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Index record drawer Pen Pencil Eraser Record card	Select record card from file Give record card to operator Receive record card from operator See that all information is recorded correctly File card in proper place	
DECISIONS Type of record card Determine where to file	CUES Service rendered Patron's name and service	• <u>ERRORS</u> Wrong card Wrong name and file drawer
	*	
2		23

(TASK STATEMENT) MAINTAIN CUSTOMER'S SERVICE RECORD MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS SCIENCE COMMUNICATIONS SKILLS/CONCEPTS PERFORMANCE MODES EXAMPLES. Organization in filing Outlining Information Location of card Reading Information on card Writing

Duty B Maintaining Dispensary

1 Select and order supplies

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT AND ORDER SUPPLIES

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Pad Pencil Price lists Catalogues	Take inventory Prepare invoice List needed supplies	Over/under ordering
Catalogues		
		°
•		
	ο,	
DECISIONS Determine amount needed Determine company Determine space	CUES Inventory, operator needs Availability, price Limited/unlimited	ERRORS Incomplete inventory Overpay, late order In calculating space needed
		28.

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT AND ORDER SUPPLIES

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
	Measurement: non-geometric — liquid Measurement: geometric — linear

COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Talking Writing Listening	Order over phone Invoice To supplier	Terminology/general vocabulary Penmanship, spelling, description, terminology general vocabulary Make judgements
Seeing/observing Reading	Space to store supplies Catalogues — inventory	Visual analysis Word recognition, number recognition, termino logy

Sanitizing and Sterilizing Equipment Duty C

- Prepare a wet sterilizer
- Prepare dry sterilizer Sterilize metal implements
- Sterilize electrical equipment
- Sterilize combs and brushes Sterilize curlers
- Clean work area

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	• STEPS •	SAFETY — HAZARD
Quaternary ammonium compound — 1:1000 strength "quats" Formalin 10 - 25% Receptacle with cover Water Measuring cups Stirrer	Gather materials Read manufacturer's instructions Mix quats or formalin according to desired: Active ingredient — 10% 12½% 15% Ounces — 1½ oz. 1 oz. ¾ oz. Amount of H ₂ O — 1 gal. 1 gal.	Splashing Safety glasses
	2	
DECISIONS Location of sterilizer Size of receptacle	CUES - Select a location where time and physical fatigue would be minimized - Implements must be immersed	ERRORS Failing to mix solutions with the necessary percentage of sterilization Receptacle too large or too small
		33

(TASK STATEMENT) PREPARE A WET STERILIZER

·	`	•	SCIENCE	•	***			MÁTH -	NUMBER S	SYSTÉMS	1
Basic (bacteriology chemistry (, sterilization	n and sanitat mpound, mix	ion tures, acids,	bases, salts)		Measurement: no	n-geometric	- time, tem	perature, liquid, dr	y
* 1 .		•		•		•		۵			
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COMMUNICATIONS

	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES '	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Seeing) Reading	• •	Unsanitary, combs and brushes Instructions on manufacturer's labels	Recognition of symbols Long term memory
-			

34

(TASK STATEMENT) PREPARE DRY STE	RILIZER	
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Airtight cabinet Fumigant container Formalin liquid or Formalin tablet Cotton or Borax Measuring spoons	Collect materials 1 tablespoon Borax or 1" cotton ball Place 1 tablespoon Borax or 1" cotton ball in fumigant container and add 1 tablespoon of Formalin or 1 Formalin tablet Place fumigant container in airtight cablet	Dripping or spilling on skin Safety glasses
	<i>1</i>	
•		
DECISIONS Location of sterilizer	CUES Select a location where time and physical fatigue would be minimized	ERRORS Chemical burns on skin Selecting an ineffective cabinet causing contamination
		37

4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SC	CIENCE	. أ.	•	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Basic Basic	bacteriology, s c chemistry\(ele	terilization ar ments, compo	nd sanitation unds, mixtures, a	cids, bases, salts)	7	Measurement: non-geometric – time, temperature, liquid, dry
			*	, ,		
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COMMUNICATIONS

Seeing .	PERFORMANCE MODES		EXAMPLES Unsanitary combs and brushes	SKILLS/CONCEI Recognition of symbols
Reading		`.	Instructions on manufacturer's labels	Long term memory
	****			327
,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	gar .		

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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Steel pusher Manicure nipper Manicure scissors Steel file Hair cutting scissors	Collect dirty implements Rinse implements to remove dirt Wash implements in soap solution, Rinse Emerse manicure implements in 70% alcohol for twenty minutes	Personal injury Contamination of solutions Spread of disease Moisture left on instruments
Hair cutting razor Hair cutting clippers Cotton	"Wipe hair cutting implements with piece of cotton saturated in 70% alcohol Wipe implements dry	
70% alcohol Soap solution	Store in dry sanitizer	
•		
DECISIONS	CUES	6 <u>ERRORS</u>
Kinds of cleansers and germicides	Presence of dirt, hair in combs and brushes	Leaving moisture on implements causing rusting Cuts and abrasions from lack of handling instruments carefully Failure to follow steps of sanitation causing spread of diseases
		. 41

(TASK STATEMENT) STERILIZE METAL IMPLEMENTS

SCIENCE	•	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Basic bacteriology, sterilization and sanitation Basic chemistry (elements, compounds mixtures, acids, but the sanitation are sanitation acids, but the sanitation are sani	bases, salts)	Measurement: non-geometrics - time, temperature, liquid, dry
	> ° •	
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COMMUNICATIONS

	¥ 5m		COMMONICATIONS	
Ì		PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
	Seeing Reading		Unsanitary combs and brushes Instructions on manufacturer's labels	Recognition of symbols Long term memory
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		, •		

(TASK STATEMENT) STERILIZE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Electrical equipment Cotton — 2½" square 70% alcohol	Gather materials and disconnect equipment Roll cotton into ball in palms of hands Saturate cotton ball with 70% alcohol Wipe off electrical equipment with cotton ball Store equipment in proper place	Dropping equipment — breakage "Handling equipment with wet hands — electrical shock and burns
	1	*
DECICIONS	CUES	ERRORS
DECISIONS Kinds of cleansers and germicide	Presence of dirt, hair in combs and brushes	Failure to disconnect equipment from socket during cleaning
1		

(TASK STATEMENT) STERILIZE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Basic bacteriology, sterilization and sanitation Basic chemistry (elements, compounds, mixtures, acids, bases, salts)	Measurement: non-geometric — time, temperature, liquid, dry

~ COMMUNICATIONS

	PERFORMANC	E MODES	. EXA	MPLES	'SKILLS/COM	NCEPTS ,
Seeing Reading	4	· ,	Unsanitary combs and Instructions on manufa	brushes cturer's labels	Recognition of symbols Long term memory	• • •
,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	144,	•		4
Jo	•	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3	/- /, •₩		
	46	•		•		47

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Hair remover tool Combs Brushes Quats solution Formalin solution Soap solution Towels	Make disinfectant quaternary ammonium compounds' solution (quats solution) Make formalin solution, then soap solution Gather dirty combs and brushes Remove hair from combs and brushes Rinse combs and 'brushes Wash combs and brushes in soap solution Rinse combs and brushes Place in quats solution three to five minutes Rinse, then towel dry Place in brush dryer Store in sanitary cabinet	Contamination of solutions — spread of disease Safety glasses
DECISIONS Kinds of cleansers and germicides	CUES Presence of dirt, hair in combs and brushes	ERRORS Failure to follow sanitary rules

(TASK STATEMENT) STERILIZE COMBS AND BRUSHES

SCIENCE MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS Basic bacteriology, sterilization and sanitation Basic chemistry (elements, compounds, mixtures, acids, bases, salts) Measurement: non-geometric - time, temperature, liquid, dry

COMMUNICATIONS

•		Commonitori	•	,	
<u> </u>	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	<i>'</i> .	SKILLS/C	ONCEPTS -
Seeing Reading		Unsanitary combs and brushes instructions on manufacturer's labels	4	Recognition of symbols - Long term memory	.
		7.	24.		/ .
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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Sanitizing solutions Quats solution Soap solution	Make disinfectant quaternary ammonium compounds solution (quats solution) Make soap solution Bather dirty curlers Remove hair from curlers Rinse curlers Wash curlers in soap solution Rinse curlers Place in quats solution three to five minutes Rinse, then towel dry Place in dryer Store in sanitary cabinet	Contamination of solutions — spread of disease
DECISIONS. Kinds of cleansers and germicides.	EUES Presence of dirt, hair in curlers	ERRORS Failure to follow sanitary rules

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3

(TASK STATEMENT) STERILIZE CURLERS

SCIENCE

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

Basic bacteriology, sterilization and sanitation
Basic chemistry (elements, compounds, mixtures, acids, bases, salts)

Measurement: non-geometric - time, temperature, liquid, dry

COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES

Seeing Reading

EXAMPLES

Unsanitary curlers Instructions on manufacturer's labels

SKILLS/CONCEPTS

Recognition of symbols _ Long term memory

. (TASK STATEMENT) CLEAN WORK AREA

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD	
Cleaning cloths Detergent soap Antiseptic cleanser	Wash area in detergent solution Wipe area Spray with antiseptic cleanser Wipe with clean cloth	Spills on floor	
DECISIONS Detergent type	CUES Stained areas	ERRORS Allowing liquids to stand	

(TASK STATEMENT) CLEAN WORK AREA

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS			
Basic bacteriology, sterilization and sanitation	Measurement: non-geometric — temperature, liquid, dry			
	The same of the sa			
	•			

COMMUNICATIONS \

	•		COMMONICATIONS		<i>t</i> ~
PERFORMANCE MODES Seeing			EXAMPLES Recognition of soil and stain	•	SKILLS/CONCEPTS Analysis of surfaces Comprehension of products
Reading		·	Follow manufacturer's instructions	!	Comprehension of products
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

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Duty D Performing Manicures and Pedicures

- Analyze shape and problems of nails
- Select and arrange manicure equipment on tray or table
- Give a water manicure
- Give a hot oil manicure
- Give an electric manicure
- Repair nails
- Apply artificial nails
- Give a hot oil pedicure
- Give an electric pedicure
- Give a water pedicure,
- Give a hand and arm massage 11
- 12 Give a' foot massage
- 13 Give a hand and arm bleach
- 14 "Giye a lash and brow tint
- 15 Give an eyebrow tweezing
- Shape brows with wax depilatory 16 Remove superfluous hair with chemical depilatory 17
- 18 Remove superfluous hair with wax depilatory

(TASK STATEMENT) ANALYZE SHAPE AND PROBLEMS OF NAILS

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY — HAZARD
Manicure pillow Towel Cotton Sanitizing solution Polish remover Table Manicure stool	Sanitize hands Sanitize manicure table Arrange table with supplies Seat patron Sanitize patron's hands, remove old polish Examine hands for: shape of nails and hands diseases and disorders	Spread of disease
DECISIONS Determination of filing Determination of cosmetics Healthy hands and nails	CUES (** Natural growth of nail Condition of hands and nails	ERRORS Improper diagnoses Improper diagnoses
61·		62

Nail anatomy and situcture of nail Bacteriology COMMUNICATIONS PERFORMANCE MODES Touching Seeing Seeing Reading Talking COMMUNICATIONS EXAMPLES Selecting proper manicure for dry brittle nails Splitting cuticles/determine what shape to give nails Label on cosmetics Patron preference Comprehension Clarity of expression	, • ;	SCIENCE		· M.	ATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Touching Seeing Reading Talking PERFORMANCE MODES Selecting proper manicure for dry brittle nails Splitting cuticles/determine what shape to give nails Label on cosmetics Patron preference SKILLS/CONCEPTS Texture, making judgements Making judgements Comprehension Clarity of expression	Nail anatomy and stru Bacteriology	ucture of nail			*
Touching Seeing Reading Talking PERFORMANCE MODES Selecting proper manicure for dry brittle nails Splitting cuticles/determine what shape to give nails Label on cosmetics Patron preference SKILLS/CONCEPTS Texture, making judgements Making judgements Comprehension Clarity of expression	•			*	
Touching Seeing Reading Talking PERFORMANCE MODES Selecting proper manicure for dry brittle nails Splitting cuticles/determine what shape to give nails Label on cosmetics Patron preference SKILLS/CONCEPTS Texture, making judgements Making judgements Comprehension Clarity of expression		***			
Touching Seeing Reading Talking PERFORMANCE MODES Selecting proper manicure for dry brittle nails Splitting cuticles/determine what shape to give nails Label on cosmetics Patron preference SKILLS/CONCEPTS Texture, making judgements Making judgements Comprehension Clarity of expression					
Seeing Seeing Reading Talking Selecting proper manicure for dry brittle nails Splitting cuticles/determine what shape to give nails Label on cosmetics Patron preference Selecting proper manicure for dry brittle nails Making judgements Comprehension Clarity of expression		, ,	COMMUN	ICATIONS	
	Touching Seeing Reading		Selecting proper manic Splitting cuticles/deterr nails Label on cosmetics	ure for dry brittle nails nine what shape to give	Texture, making judgements Making judgements Comprehension

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TOQLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD		
Manicure table Patron Manicure stool Sanitizing jar Towels Sterile cotton in jar Manicure pillow Nail polish kit Finger bowl	Wash and sanitize table Arrange articles on table	Spread of disease Improper placement of implements and supplies Spillage		
Nail file Emery board Cuticle brush Cuticle nipper Steel pusher Nail buffer				
Orangewood stick Cuticle scissors Liquid soap Alcohol Tweezers Buffing powder				
DECISIONS Location of articles Type of manicure	CUES The question of preservice Dryness and structure of nails	ERRORS Improper sanitation measures		
65		66		

· James

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT AND ARRANGE MANICURE EQUIPMENT ON TRAY OR TABLE

SCIENCE		MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS			
Basic anatomy of nails and skin Cosmetic chemistry					
Economy of motion and time					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
3	COMMUNICATIONS				
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS			
Observing Reading	Proper location of manicure table Instructions on labels	Making judgements Recognition and understanding			
		voluments. **			
		5.			
67		68			

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A WATER MAI	NICURE .	
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Manicure table Patron Manicure stool Sanitizing jar Towels Sterile cotton in jar Manicure pillow Nail polish kit Finger bowl Nail file Emery board Cuticle brush Cuticle nipper Steel pusher Nail buffer Orangewood stick Cuticle scissors Liquid soap Alcohol Tweezers Buffing powder	Wash and sanitize hands Sanitize table Arrange table Seat patron Sanitize patron's hands, remove old polish Examine patron's hands File nails Soak cuticles Apply cuticle remover Scrub nails Cut cuticle and apply cuticle cream or oil Remove oil from nail plate Apply base Apply colored polish Apply top coat Spray nails Clean up area and sanitize	Spread of disease Personal injury
DECISIONS Steel file or emery board Color selection of polish Shape of nails	CUES Soft or hard nails Color blending Shape of fingers and hands — patron preference	ERRORS Incorrect filing of nails Unsanitary instruments Incorrect filing of nails

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	, SAFETY – HAZARD *
Manicure table Manicure stool Sanitizing jar Towels Sterile cotton in jar Manicure pillow Nail polish kit Finger bowl Nail file Emery board Cuticle brush Cuticle nipper Steel pusher Nail buffer Orangewood stick Cuticle scissors Liquid soap Alcohol Buffing powder	Wash and sanitize hands Sanitize table Arrange table Seat patron Sanitize patron's hands, remove old polish Examine patron's hands File nails Soak cuticles Place fingers in oil cup or if mitts used, massage hands, place in gloves Scrub nails Massage hands and arms Remove oil from nail plate Applybase Apply colored polish Apply top coat Spray nails Clean up area and sanitize	Spread of disease Personal injury
DECISIONS Steel file or emery board Color selection of polish Shape of nails	CUES Soft or hard nails Color blending Shape of fingers and hands — patron preference	ERRORS Incorrect filing of nails Unsanitary instruments Incorrect filing of nails

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A HOT OIL MANICURE

SCIENCE, MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

Basic anatomy of nails and skin . Basic knowledge of cosmetic chemistry

Measurement: non-geometric - time, temperature, liquid

COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES Touching Reading Observation PERFORMANCE MODES Roughness of skin Instructions on labels Cuticle growth/removal of cuticle Cuticle growth/removal of cuticle SKILLS/CONCEPTS Texture of mails Comprehension Making judgements

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(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE AN ELECTRIC MANICURE

TOBLS, EQUIPMEN OBJECTS ACTED U		STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Manicure table Manicure stool Sanitizing jar Towels Manicure pillow Nail polish kit Finger bowl Nail file Emery board Cuticle brush Cuticle nipper Steel pusher Nail buffer Orangewood stick Cuticle scissors Liquid soap Alcohol Tweezers Sterile cotton in jar	Patron	Wash and sanitize hands Sanitize table Arrange table Seat patron Remove old polish Examine patron's hands File nails Soak cuticles Apply cuticle remover Scrub nails Cut cuticle and apply cuticle cream or oil Remove oil from nail plate Apply base Apply colored polish Apply top coat Spray nails Clean up area and sanitize	Spread of disease Personal injury
Steel file or emery box Color selection of poli		CUES Soft or hard nails Color blending	ERRORS Incofrect filing of nails Unsanitary instruments

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE AN ELECTRIC MANICURE

SCIENCE	MATH - NUM YSTEMS
Basic anatomy of nails and skin Basic knowledge of cosmetic chemistry	ï
5.475 	

COMMUNICATIONS

PERFOR	RMANCE MODES	EXAMPLE	<u>:s</u>	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Touching Reading Observation	AND THE COLUMN TO THE COLUMN T	Roughness of skin Instructions on labels Cuticle growth/removal of co	uticle	Texture , Comprehension Making judgements/inferences
	4		\$	
	All the second s			

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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS,	STEPS	SAFETY HAZARD		
Manicure table Manicure stool Sanitizing jar Towels Sterile cotton in jar Manicure pillow Nail, polish kit Finger bowl Nail file Emery board Cuticle brush Cuticle nipper Steel pusher Nail buffer Orangewood stick Cuticle scissors Liquid soap Alcohol, Tweezers	Wash and sanitize hands Examine damaged nail Remove roughness Saturate mending tissue in mending liquid Place on nail, turn tissue under nail at damaged area Reapply liquid and allow to dry Apply polish Sanitize and clean up	Spread of disease Personal injury		
DECISIONS Steel file or emery board Color selection of polish	CUES Soft or hard nails Color blending	ERRORS Incorrect filing of nails Unsanitary instruments		

(TASK STATEMENT) REPAIR NAILS

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS SCIENCE ' Basic anatomy of nails and skin Basic knowledge of cosmetic chemistry . COMMUNICATIONS

	PERFORMANCE MODES	**	EXAMPLES SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Touching Reading Observation	on		Roughness of skin Instructions on labels Cuticle growth/temoval of cuticle Cuticle growth/temoval of cuticle Making judgements/inferences
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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	* SAFETY - HAZARD
Manicure table Manicure stool Sanitizing jar Towels Sterile cotton in jar Manicure pillow Nail polish kit Finger bowl Nail file Emery board Cuticle brush Cuticle nipper Steel pusher Nail buffer Orangewood stick Cuticle scissors Liquid soap Alcohol Tweezers	Give plain manicure up to application of base coat Apply protective nail Prepare mixture Brush mixture on nail Allow nail to dry for given period of time Remove shield Wash nails thoroughly and allow to dry Apply base coat, polish and sealer Clean up and sanitize	Personal injury
DECISIONS How to shape nail Polish selection	Length of fingers Color blending	ERRORS Spilling liquid on skin Unsanitary instruments

	SCIENCE	• •	•		MATH -	NUMBER	SYSTEMS	. ca.
Basic anatomy of nails and sl Basic knowledge of cosmetic	cin chemistry	•		,	*	0	٠.	
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J .	PERFORMANCE	MODES	;
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Toughing			

Touching Reading Observation

EXAMPLES

Roughness of skin
Instructions on labels
Cuticle growth/removal of cuticle

SKILLS/CONCEPTS

Texture
Comprehension
Making judgements/inferences

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A HOT OIL P	EDICURE		
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	ŞTEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD	
Sanitizing jar Towels Sterile cotton in jar Nail polish kit Nail file Emery board Cuticle brush Cuticle nipper Steel pusher Nail buffer Orangewood stick Cuticle scissors Liquid soap Alcohol Tweezers Chair Two foot stools Antiseptic lotion Foot basin Toe separators	Wash and sanitize hands Arrange pedicure area Seat patron Have patron remove hose and shod Place patron's feet on low stool Seat yourself Saturate cotton with antiseptic lotion and sanitize patron's feet File nails Soak feet five to ten minutes Dry feet — remove cuticle Apply oil, cream, lotion and massage Apply additional lotion if needed, Apply infrared lamp thirty inches from feet for three to five minutes Remove excess oil Apply toe separators and polish nails Clean up and sanitize	Spread of disease Personal injury	
DECISIONS Steel file or emery board Color selection of polish	Soft or hard nails Color blending	ERRORS Incorrect filing of nails Unsanitary instruments	

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A HOT OIL PEDÍCURE

SCIENCE MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	
Basic anatomy of nails and skin Basic knowledge of cosmetic chemistry	Measurement: non-geometric time, temperature, liquid

COMMUNICATIONS

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PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Touching Reading Observation	Roughness of skin Instructions on labels Cuticle growth/removal of cuticle	Texture Comprehension Making judgements/inferences

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE AN ELECTRIC TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS,		
OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Sanitizing jar Towels Sterile cotton in jar Nail polish kit Nail file Emery board Cuticle brush Cuticle nipper Steel pusher Nail buffer Orangewood stick Cuticle scissors Liquid soap Alcohol Tweezers Chair Two foot stools Antiseptic lotion Foot basin	Wash and sanitize hands Arrange pedicure area Seat patron Have patron remove hose and shees Place patron's feet on low stool Seat yourself Saturate cotton with antiseptic lotion and sanitize patron's feet File nails Soak feet five to ten minutes Dry feet — remove cuticle Apply oil, cream, lotion and massage Remove excess oil Apply toe separators and polish nails Clean up and sanitize	Spread of disease Personal injury
DECISIONS Steel file or emery board Color selection of polish	CUES Soft or hard nails Color blending	ERRORS Incorrect filing of nails Unsanitary instruments

SCIENCE MATH – NUMBER SYSTEMS Basic anatomy of nails and skin Basic knowledge of cosmetic chemistry Measurement: non-geometric – time, temperature, liquid

· COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMAN	CE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Touching Reading Observation		Roughness of skin Instructions on labels Cuticle growth/removal of cuticle	Texture Comprehension Making judgements/inferences
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(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A WATER PEL	JICURE O	• •
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Sanitizing jar Towels Infrared lamp Sterile cotton in jar Nail polish kit Nail file Emery board Cuticle brush Cuticle nipper Steel pusher Nail buffer Orangewood stick Cuticle scissors Liquid soap Alcohol Tweezers Chair Two foot stools Antiseptic lotion Foot basin	Wash and sanitize hands Arrange pedicure area Seat patron Have patron remove hose and shoes Place patron's feet on low stool Seat yourself Saturate cotton with antiseptic lotion and sanitize patron's feet File nails Soak feet five to ten minutes Dry feet — remove cuticle Apply oil, cream, lotion and massage Remove excess oil Apply toe separators and polish nails Clean up and sanitize	Spread of disease Personal injury
DECISIONS Steel file or emery board Color selection of polish	CUES Soft or hard nails Color blending	ERRORS Incorrect filing of nails Unsanitary instruments

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A WATER PEDICURE

,,	SCIENÇE	·	*	MATH - NUMB	BER SYSTEMS
	Basic anatomy of nails and skin Basic knowledge of cosmetic chemistry		Measurement:	non-geometric — time	, temperature, liquid
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COMMUNICATIONS

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3.	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES -	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
	Touching: Reading Observation	Roughness of skin Instructions on labels Cuticle growth/removal of cuticle	Texture Comprehension Making judgements/inferences
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(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A HAND AND	ARM MASSAGE	
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS. OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Towels Cotton Spatulas Cleansing cream Massage cream Antiseptic lotion Astringent lotion Patron	Wash hands and sanitize Arrange manicure table Seat patron Apply antiseptic lotion Examine hands and arms Apply cleansing cream Apply hot towels Apply massage cream Wrist to elbow massage — first inner arm then outer arm Palm to elbow movement Finger to palm movement Stroking movement from timers to elbow Joint movement (fingers — wrist — elbow) Remove cream with tissue, apply hot towels, apply astringent Give water manicure Clean up and sanitize	Spread of disease Personal injury
Steel file or emery board Color selection of polish	CUES Soft or hard nails Color blending	ERRORS Incorrect filing of nails Unsanitary instruments

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A HAND AND ARM MASSAGE MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS SCIENCE -Measurement: non-geometric - temperature, liquid Basic anatomy of nails and skin Basic knowledge of cosmetic chemistry COMMUNICATIONS SKILLS/GONCEPTS **EXAMPLES** PERFORMANCE MODES Texture Roughness of skin Touching Comprehension · Instructions on labels Reading Making judgements/inferences Cuticle growth/removal of cuticle Observation

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Sanitizing jar Cotton Spatulas Cleansing cream Massage cream Antiseptic lotion Astringent lotion Two foot stools Chair Foot basin Oil, cream, lotion Towels Patron	Wash hands and sanitize Seat patron Apply antiseptic lotion Examine feet and legs Apply cleansing cream Apply hot towels Apply massage cream Ankles to knees massage - first inner side of leg and then outer side of leg Heel to knee movement Toe to heel movement Heel to knee movement Stroking movement from toes to knee Joint movement (toes — ankle — knee) Remove cream and apply astringent Clean up and sanitize	Spread of disease Personal injury
DECISIONS Steel file or emery board Color selection of polish	CUES Soft or hard nails Color blending	ERRORS Incorrect filing of nails Unsanitary instruments

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A FOOT MASSAGE

Basic anatomy of nails and skin	 Measurement: non-geometric — temperature, liquid	
Basic knowledge of cosmetic chemistry.		
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COMMUNICATIONS

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PERFORMANCE MODES	/	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Touching Reading Observation		Roughness of skin Instructions on labels Cuticle growth/removal of cuticle	Texture Comprehension Making judgements/inferences
	24		



TÖÖLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY — HAZARD
Manicure table Manicure stool Patron's chair Body lotion Cotton Towels Hand and arm bleach kit	Wash and sanitize hands Assemble supplies, etc. Examine skin Apply bleach according to directions Apply body lotion Clean up and sanitize area	Personal injury
Patron 2		
DECISIONS Type bleach Processing	CUES Dryness of skin Lesions	ERRORS Burned skin Eruptions on skin
		110

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Basic anatomy of skin. *Basic cosmetic chemistry	Measurement: non-geometric — time, liquid, dry

COMMUNICATIONS

,	PERFORMANCE MODES	FREORMANCE MODES EXAMPLES		
4	Seeing Reading	Analysis of skin type Instructions on labels	SKILLS/CONCEPTS Recognition of irregularities Understanding directions	
		2		

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A LASH AND	D BROW TINT	
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	, STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Cleansing cream Body lotion Lash and brow tint Lash and brow stabilizer Skin soap Towels Eye shields Q-tips Make-up kit Patron	Assemble supplies in facial room Seat patron in facial chair Wash and sanitize hands Cleanse patron's skin Examine skin Apply eye pads Apply tint Apply stabilizer Apply body lotion Clean and sanitize area	Place eye pads on properly Tint on skin and in eyes Contaminating tint and stabilizer
Type of tint	CUES Skin eruptions or lesions.	ERRORS Tint in eyes and skin Using same applicator for tint and stabilize

TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A LASH AND BROW TINT

Basic skin Basic cosr	anatomy			1		, -	
,	netic chemistry	•		Measurement:	non-geometric -	– time, liquid	
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~	Observing Reading	PERFORMANCE	MODES	Skin*breakage Manufacturer	EXAMPLES s instructions	· ; · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SKILLS/CONCEPTS Recognition of skin changes Understanding/comprehension
	Reading		as a	and the second s		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Cleansing cream Cotton Hot towel Sanitizing jar (70% alcohol) Witch hazel Tweezers Manicure scissors Patron	Assemble supplies Wash and sanitize hands Seat patron in facial room Cleanse skin Examine skin and face shape Apply hot applications Tweeze brows direction of hair growth giving definite shape Apply astringent Clean up and sanitize	Pinching skin Tweezing brows against hair growth
Shape of brows according to face construction	CUES Width and length of brows	ERRORS Breaking skin with aweezers Creating stubbles

. (TASK STATEMENT) GIVE AN EYEBROW TWEEZING

	SCIENCE.
Basic anatomy of skin Basic cosmetic chemistry	
45-	

COMMUNICATIONS

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PERFORMANCE MODES			EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Observing Touching) .	Hair texture Show how to control skin	Perception and analysis of hair Elasticity
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MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	_ SAFETY — HAZARD
Soap and water Talcum powder Wax Orangewood stick Body lotion Antiseptic lotion Patron	Wash skin with soap and water Rinse and dry thoroughly Spread talcum powder over skin surface Melt wax in a double boiler over stove Test temperature and consistency of heated wax by applying a little over arm Spread wax over area with orangewood stick following direction of hair growth Allow wax to cool and harden Quickly pull off wax against direction of hair growth Massage area Dust off remaining powder from skin Apply an emollient cream or antiseptic lotion to area treated	Personal injury — skin burns, wax in eyes Do not use: under arms, over warts, moles, abrasions, or any irritated or inflamed areas
DECISIONS Determine if wax is comfortable temperature Determine consistency of wax to be pulled off	CUES Check temperature on arm Does wax stick to finger when tapped?	ERRORS Skin burns If wax has hardened too much it has to be chipped off

SCIENCE

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

Absorption (talc and oils)
Allergic rxn5 (wax)
Temperature and specific heat (wax)

COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES

Reading
Touching
Seeing/observing

EXAMPLES

Read manufacturer's instructions Wax hardness Wax hardness

SKILLS/CONCEPTS

Comprehending
Making judgements

Visual analysis

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Cleanser Talcum powder Cotton Body lotion Chemical depilatory. Skin soap Drape Towels Patron	Arrange supplies in facial room Drape patron Wash and sanitize hands Cleanse patron's skin Apply talcum Apply chemical depilatory according to manufacturer's instructions Wash skin Apply body lotion Clean up and sanitize.	Personal injury Spread of disease Fumes from chemicals
DECISIONS Selection of depilatory Hair strength	CUES Sensitivity of skin Hair texture	ERRORS Burning of skin, eyes Chemical spills

(TASK STATEMENT) REMOVE SUPERFLUOUS HAIR WITH CHEMICAL DEPILATORY

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Basic cosmeti Basic skin an		•		Measuremen	nt: non-geometric — time, li	quid	,
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COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES			EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS	
Observing Touching			Hair texture	Perception and analysis of wait Elasticity	
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(TASK STATEMENT) REMOVE SUPERFLUOUS HAIR WITH WAX DEPILATORY

W.	SCIENCE	ĺM.	ATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Absorption (talc and oils) Allergic rxn5 (wax) Temperature and specific he	at (wax)		
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	COMMU	NICATIONS	***
PEDEODMANCE	MODES	MPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS

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Reading Touching Seeing/observing

Read manufacturer's instructions
Wax hardness
Wax hardness

Comprehending Making judgements Visual analysis

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Duty E Performing Skin Care

1 Analyze facial skin problems
2 Prepare patron for skin care services
3 Give a facial massage
4 Give a plain facial
5 Give a facial pack
6 Give a hot oil mask
7 Give a high frequency facial
Apply daytime make-up
9 Apply evening make-up

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HÁZARD
Cotton Creams Lotions Towels Drape Facial chair and stool Patron	Wash and sanitize hands and drape facial chair Prepare patron Remove make-up Analyze skin	Personal injury
DECISIONS Skin texture Elasticity	CUES Sight Touch	Improper movements 133

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* C	SCIENCE			MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	
Anatomy of skin and scalp Basic cosmetic chemistry			,		4
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·	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
*Observing		Conditions on skin Structural change on skin	Making judgements/inferences
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(TASK STATEMENT) PREPARE PATRON	N FOR SKIN CARE SERVICES	
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Facial chair Facial stool Facial steamer Infrared lamp High frequency electrode Cleansing tissues Cotton Talcum powder Head covering or band Sheet or drape	Remove patrons jewelry, shoes and outer garments Drape patron Direct patron to facial chair	
Towels Spatulas Lotions Make-up tray Patron		
DECISIONS	CUES	ERRORS. Protection of hair

	SCIENCE	1	•	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Anatomy of skin Basic cosmetic ch	and scalp emistry			
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	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Observing	•	Conditions on skin Structural change on skin	Making judgements/inferences
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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	·STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Creams, emollient (massage) Lotions Spatulas Cotton Tissues Patron	Apply cream Neck movement (front) Shoulder movement Neck movement (back) Chin movement Lower cheek movement Temple and forehead movement Nose, cheek, mouth, and chin movement Mouth, cheek, eye and forehead movement Completion movement	Personal injury Remaining creams
DECISIONS Facial creams Hot and cold packs	CUES Dryness Oiliness Diseased Moisture	ERRORS Uneven pressure Cream contact in eyes and hairline Removal of creams

Anatomy of skin and scalp Basic cosmetic chemistry	•		Measurement: non-geometric — time, liquid	
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		COMMUNI	NICATIONS	

3	PERFORMANCE MODES	<u> </u>	EXAMPLES	*	SKILLS/CONCEPTS "	
Seeing Reading Touching		٠	Skin texture type Manufacturer's instructions Degree of coarseness of skin		Visual analysis Perception/understanding Sensitivity or feeling	-
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(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A PLAIN	FACIAL	
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY — HAZARD
Facial chair Facial stool Facial steamer Infrared lamp High frequency electrode Cleansing tissues Cotton Talcum powder Head covering or band Sheet or drape Towels Spatulas Lotions Make-up tray	Apply hot towel Apply cleansing cream Remove cleansing cream Apply hot wet towels Apply massage cream Apply manipulations Remove massage cream with tissue Apply hot towels, apply astringent Apply make-up Clean up	Eyes, ears, skin sanitation measures
Patron Cleansing cream Tissue cream		
Type of creams Type of lotions	CUES Dry skin Oily skin Disorders or disease of skin	ERRORS Cream removal Irritations Aggravations

(TASK STATEMENT)_GIVE A PLAIN FACIAL

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Anatomy of skin and scalp Basic cosmetic chemistry	Measurement: non-geometric — time
basic cosmetic enemotry	
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COMMUNICATIONS

PE	REFORMANCE MODE	ES ·	EXAMPLES		SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Observing			Conditions on skin Structural change on skin		Making judgements/inferences
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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Cotton Tissues Spatula Towels Witch hazel — astringent Pack material	Give plain facial Apply pack according to manufacturer's instructions Use moistened cotton witch hazel pads on eyes Allow pack to dry Remove pack carefully with warm towel	Nose, mouth Rubbing material into skin
	Apply astringent Apply make-up	
DECISIONS. Type of creams Treatment, of irregularities	CUES Dryness Oiliness Medicated	ERRORS Application of cream Removal of cream

	SCIENCE		MATH - NUMBER SYS	TEMS
Anatomy of skin and scalp Basic cosmetic chemistry	•		Measurement: non-geometric — time	
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PERFORMANCE Observing	MODES	Conditions on skin Structural change on s	Making judgements/in	/CONCEPTS *
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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY — HAZARD
Head cover Oil and applicator Gauze — 8" Cotton Dermal lamp with red globe Eye pads Patron	Give plain facial Apply moistened gauze with warm oil and apply to throat and face Cover eyes with pads Place dermal light 24" from face Allow patron to rest five to ten minutes Remove gauze Apply additional emollient or moisture cream Give manipulations Apply warm steam towel Apply astringent lotion Apply make-up	Personal Injury Dermal lamp too close Oil too hot
DECISIONS Type of oil Length of time for mask	CUES Degree of dryness	ERRORS Oils in eyes Too much heat Misjudging lamp distance

(TASK STATEMENT) 'GIVE A HOT OIL MASK

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Anatomy of skin and scalp Basic cosmetic chemistry	· .	Measurement: non-geometric — time, liquid	1
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COMMUNICATIONS

	PERFORMANCE MOD	ES	EXAMPLES	•	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Observing		- • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Conditions on skin . Structural change on skin		Making judgements/inferences
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	154				155

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY HAZARD
Acne cream or ointment Acne lotion Antiseptic Cleansing cream Medicated cream Towels Astringent for oily skin Facial glass electrode Medicated soap Skin toner Cotton or mask Supplies for plain facial Patron	Prepare patron for plain facial Cleanse face with medicated soap Apply acne cream or ointment over face and neck Apply high frequency current with direct application to affected parts for not more than five minutes. Remove acne cream with moist warm towel Saturate a thin piece of cotton with acne lotion and apply to face and affected parts Resaturate if necessary and retain for ten minutes Remove cotton and blot with cool wet towel Apply astringent Apply antiseptic Apply lipstick only Clean up	Protect creams and lotions Eyes, ears, mouth and nose Wet hands and equipment Metal contact
DECISIONS Type of cream Type of lotion	CUES Abrasions on skin Infections in lesions	ERRORS Contamination of creams and irritation Aggravate condition

" (TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A HIGH FREQUENCY FACIAL

	SCIENCE		MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	- ****
Anatomy of skin and scalp Basic cosmetic chemistry	Ī	-	Measurement: non-geometric — time	0
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	PERFORMANCE MODES	, `	EXAMPLES	,	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Observing	g .	;	Conditions on skin Structural change on skin		Making judgements/inferences
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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Creams, emollient (massage) Lotions Spatulas Cotton Tissues Foundation Disposable applicators Blush Face powder Eye shadow Eyebrow pencil	Give plain facial Apply foundation Apply powder Apply pressed blush Apply eye shadow and eyeliner Apply mascara Apply eyebrow pencil Apply lipstick	Protect eyes Allergies of skin
Eyeliner Mascara Lip rouge Lip applicators Towels Disposible puffs Patron		
DECISIONS Type of color selections Correction make-up	CUES Skin tones Wrinkles and dark shadows	ERRORS Pigmentation analysis Improper color fill-ins
160		161

(TASK STATEMENT) APPLY	Y DAYTIME MAKE U	IP /			, %
	SCIENCE		•••	MATH - NUMBER	SYSTEMS
Anatomy of skin and scalp Basic cosmetic chemistry					
		COMMUN	ICATIONS		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Creams, emollient (massage) Lotions Spatulas Cotton Tissues Foundation Disposable applicators Blush Face powder Eye shadow Eyebrow pencil Eyeliner Mascara Lip rouge Lip applicator Towels Disposible puffs Patron	Give plain facial Apply foundation Apply foundation of lighter shade in dark areas Apply powder Apply pressed blush Apply eye shadow and eyeliner Apply mascara Apply eyebrow pencil Apply lipstick (use darker tones)	Protect eyes Allergies of skin
Type of color selections Corrective make-up	CUES Skin tones Wrinkles and dark shadows	Pigmentation analysis Improper color fill-ins
164		165

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ASK STATEMENT) APPLY EVENING MAKE-UP

TASK STATEMENT AFTER	SCIENCE	•	•	MATH - NUMBER SY	/STEMS
Anatomy of skin and scalp Basic cosmetic chemistry	,	, , ,		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	` ' ,
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PERFORMANCE MODES Observing Conditions on skin Structural change on skin Structural change on skin			•	•	COMMUNICATIONS		•	**	**
Structural change on skin	Ob	 ICE MODES	, , , , , ,		s on skin	4		 ;	
				Structural	change on skin	. , ,	N	, , 	. ,
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Duty F Performing Scalp Care.

- 1 Analyze scalp problems
- 2 Give a manual scalp massage
- Give a mechanical scalp massage
 Give a dandruff treatment
- 5 Give a high frequency treatment
 - 6 Give a hair cream paste conditioner
 - Give a light therapy scalp treatment
- 8 Give an alopecia scalp treatment

(TASK STATEMENT) ANALYZE SCALP PROBLEMS

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS,. OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Neck strip Cape Towels Comb Brush Patron	Seat patron Drape patron Sanitize hands Brush hair Part hair with comb Examine scalp	Skin protection
DECISIONS Select: Type of massage Type of scalp lotion and cream Type of medication and shampoo	CUES Flexibility of scalp Dry or oily scalp Diseased scalp	Intensify condition Aggravation Spread of disease
169		170

(TASK STATEMENT) ANALYZE SCALP PROBLEMS MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS SCIENCE Anatomy of skin and scalp Basic cosmetic chemistry COMMUNICATIONS SKILLS/CONCEPTS **EXAMPLES** PERFORMANCE MODES Observing Making judgements/inferences Conditions on skin Structural change on skin 171

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A MANUAL SCALP MASSAGE

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Nećk strip Cape Comb Towels Patron	Seat patron Drape patron Sanitize hands Brush hair Part hair with comb Examine scalp Give relaxing movement Give back of head movements Give forehead movements Give all over scalp movement Give hairline movement Front scalp movement Back scalp movement Ear to ear movement Back movement Shoulder movement Spine movement	Skin protection
DECISIONS Select: Type of massage Type of scalp lotion and cream Type of medication and shampoo	Flexibility of scalp Dry or oily scalp Diseased scalp	ERRORS Intensify condition Aggravation Spread of disease
173		174

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A MANUAL SCALP MASSAGE

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COMMUNICATIONS

	PERFÖRMA Observing	ANCE MODES	EXAMPLES Conditions on skin	· Mary state ·	SKILLS/CONCEPTS Making judgements/inferences
	Ooki ving		Structural change on skin		
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(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A MECHANICAL SCALP MASSAGE

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	- STEPS 0	SAFETY - HAZARD
Neck strip Cape Comb Brush	Drape patron and remove jewelry Seat patron Examine scalp Section hair	Health analysis Spread of disease Electric shock
Scalp_electrode Alcohol Cotton Shampoo, Patron	Apply scalp cream or lotion Sanitize electrode Apply electrode as prescribed Turn off electrode Sanitize electrode Comb hair	
	Shampoo hair	
Type of lotions Type of shampoo Amount of electrical current	CUES Oiliness and dryness of scalp Medicated Irritating of condition	ERRORS Too much or not enough cosmetics Incorrect application Injury to health
177		178

CTASK STATEMENT) GIVE A MECHANICAL SCALP MASSAGE

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A MECHANICAL	SCALP MASSAGE		***
SCIENCE	. 3	M	ATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Anatomy of skin and scalp Basic cosmetic chemistry		Measurement: non-ge	ometric — time
		1	
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		6	
	COMMUN	ICATIONS'	
PERFORMANCE MODES Observing	EXAI Conditions on skin	MPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS Making judgements/inferences
OUSCITTING	Structural change on sl	cin	
	,		

 (TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A DANDRUFF	TREATMENT	
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY = HAZARD
Neck strip Care Towels Cotton Spatula Applicator bottle Shampoo Scalp lotion Scalp ointment Scalp electrode — high frequency Alcohol Comb Brush Scalp lotion Infrared light Patron	Wash and sanitize hands Drape patron Examine scalp Brush hair five minutes Apply scalp preparation according to scalp condition Apply infrared lamp five minutes Give scalp manipulations using high frequency electrode Shampoo hair with corrective shampoo Towel dry hair Use high frequency three to five minutes Apply scalp preparation suitable for the condition Style hair Clean up work station	Skin protection
DECISIONS Select: Type of massage Type of scalp lotion and cream Type of medication and shampoo	CUES Flexibility of scalp Dry or oily scalp Diseased scalp	Intensify condition Aggravation Spread of disease

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A DANDRUFF TREATMENT MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS . SCIENCE Anatomy of skin and scalp Basic cosmetic chemistry Measurement: .non-geometric - time

	COMMUNICATIONS	
PERFORMANCE MODES Observing	EXAMPLES Conditions on skin Structural change on skin	SKILLS/CONCEPTS * Making judgements/inferences
	Structural triange on skin	

183

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Alcohol Cotton Neck strip Cápè Comb High frequency kit Patron	Wash and sanitize hands Sanitize electrode Drape patron Remove all jewelry and metal accessories Examine scalp Apply scalp lotion Carefully insert electrode in unit Plug unit in wall plug Place electrode on patron's head Turn on current to desired strength Manipulate on scalp Turn off current and remove from head Sanitize and clean up	Wet hands and equipment Metal contact Skin protection
DECISIONS	CUES	ERRORS
Select: Type of massage Type of scalp lotion and cream Type of medication and shampoo	Flexibility of scalp Dry or oily scalp Diseased scalp	Intensify condition Aggravation Spread of disease

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A HIGH FREQUENCY TREATMENT

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Anatomy of skin and scalp Basic cosmetic chemistry	Measurement: non-geometric — time, liquid
COMMUN	IICATIONS

	<i>)</i> ,	• `	•	COMMONICATIONS	
	PERFORMANCE	MODES		EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Observing	- £ ₆₆	,	,	Conditions on skin Structural change on skin	Making judgements/inferences
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(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A HAIR CREAM PASTE CONDITIONER

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Neck strip Cape Towels Plastic wrap Electric cap Cream paste conditioner Comb Patron	Seat and drape patron Wash and sanitize hands Comb hair Examine scalp Shampoo hair Towel dry hair Apply cream to moist hair Place plastic wrap around head Place inner lining of cap on head Place electric cap on head Plug cap in electric plug ** Adjust temperature Leave on head for given time Remove caps and plastic Rinse and shampoo according to directions	Wet hands Too hot — too cold temperature Hair too wet
DECISIONS Conditioner type Frequency of treatments Selection of styling	CUES Dryness and breakage Extensiveness of damage Brittleness of hair	ERRORS Improper selection of conditioners Hair not receiving enough treatments Improper selecting of styling method causing heightening of the problem
189		130

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A HAIR CREAM PASTE CONDITIONER	
SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Anatomy of skin and scalp Basic cosmetic chemistry	Measurement: non-geometric — time, liquid
Basic cosmetic criemistry	
COMMUN	NIGATIONS
PERFORMANCE MODES. EXA	MPLES SKILLS/CONCEPTS Making judgements/inferences
Observing Conditions on skin Structural change on s	
The state of the s	

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A LIGHT THERAPY SCALP TREATMENT

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Neck strip Cape Towels Goggles Lamp for condition of scalp Comb Shampoo Patron	Wash and sanitize hands' Drape patron Remove jewelry, glasses, and all hardware Put goggles on patron Examine scalp Operator put on goggles Apply cream or lotion Adjust lamp Apply lamp for given period of time Turn off lamp Remove goggles Shampoo hair Style hair	Lamp applied at safe distance/improper eye coverage
DECISIONS Lamp adjustment Type of creams and lotions Length of treatment	CUES Irritations on scalp Oiliness Dry flaking	Ineffective rays Aggravation of condition Treatments not given enough

SCIENCE		MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Anatomy of skin and scalp Basic cosmetic chemistry	Measureme	nt: non-geometric — time, temperature, liquid
	COMMUNICATIONS	
PERFORMANCE MODES Observing	Conditions on skin Structural change on skin	SKILLS/CONCEPTS Making judgements/inferences.
		196

(TASK STATEMENT), GIVE AN ALOPEC	A SCALP TREATMENT	* .
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETÝ – HAZARD
Neck strip Cape Towels Como Brush Ultra-violet rays Ointment or lotion Shampoo Patron	Give normal scalp treatment Give regular scalp manipulations Shampoo hair Dry hair and scalp thoroughly Expose scalp to ultra-violet rays five to ten minutes Apply ointment or lotion with light manipulations on bald areas Apply high frequency current for five minutes as directed according to directions Style hair using comb only Clean up station	Excess water Health problems Improper stimulation
Type of cream or lotion Type of shampoo Type of massage	CÚES Dryness or oiliness Irritations Scalp irritations	ERRORS Wrong cream or lotion Inflammation of scalp Improper massage

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE AN ALOPECIA SCALP TREATMENT

	SCIENCE	-	MAÎH	- NUMBER SYSTEMS	· .
Anatomy of skin and scalp ' Basic cosmetic chemistry		Measurement: non-geometric — time, temperature, liquid			
					·.

COMMUNICATIONS :

PERFORMANCE MODES EXAMPLES			SKILLS/CONCEPTS		
Observing	Conditions on skir Structural change		٠.	Making judgem	nents/inference's
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199		•	• .	•	200 .

Duty G. Shampooing and Rinsing Hair

- 1 Analyze hair problems
- 2 Prepare patron for hair services
- '3 Give a plain shampoo
- 4 Give a specialized shampoo for various scalp and hair conditions.
- 5 Give a liquid dry shampoo
- 6 Give a powder dry shampoo
- 7 Select and apply instant conditioner .
- 8 Select, mix and apply non-color rinses

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STÈPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Comb Litmus papers, pencil Liquid tests (pH) Microscope Patron	Comb through hair Check condition of hair Check pH of hair	
DECISIONS Determine texture (coarse, medium, fine) Determine porosity Determine elasticity Oily, dry, brittle	Touch, sight, microscope, talking	Weak or frizzy, permanent wave, over-bleach, under-bleach, absorb too much, not enough color, wrong conditioner Weak or frizzy, permanent wave, over-bleach, under-bleach, absorb too much, not enough color, wrong conditioner Weak or frizzy, permanent wave, over-bleach, under-bleach, absorb too much, not enough color, wrong conditioner Weak or frizzy, permanent wave, over-bleach, under-bleach, absorb too much, not enough color, wrong conditioner

(TASK STATEMENT) ANALYZE HAIR PROBLEMS

SCIENCE		M	ATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Structurally competent (pH 4.5 to 5.5) Anatomy of hair			4	• *
pH		4 ,		. `
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	.f	X		dus William
	. *			
	COMMUN	ICATIONS		
PERFORMANCE MODES Observing Touching Reading	Observing condition of Test for elasticity, pore Testing for pH factor	MPLES hair osity and texture	SKILLS/CONCEPTS Visual analysis, accuracy Making judgements Comprehension, definition, numbers instructions	s, terminolog
Talking	Explain problem to pa	tron	Terminology/general vocabulary, per sales technique, logic, gestures, fa expression, poise, usage	rsuașion and Icial

(TASK STATEMENT) PREPARE PATRON FOR HAIR SERVICES

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON Neck strip Towel Plastic Synock Cape Patron DECISIONS' Service to be given TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON STEPS SAFETY – HAZARD Steady chair Cape over back of chair Personal injury Protect clothing Sanitization Select materials and supplies Wash and sanitize hands Turn collar in Remove all jewelry Apply neck strip/towel/plastic Secure cape CUES Bleach, color, permanent wave, relaxer, sham- poo Ruin clothing, personal injury, uns	(1),101.01,111.01		
Towel Plastic Smock Cape Patron Select materials and supplies' Wash and sanitize hands Trun collar in Remove all jewelry Apply neck strip/towel/plastic Secure cape DECISIONS' Sevice to be given Seat patron Select materials and supplies' Wash and sanitize hands Trun collar in Remove all jewelry Apply neck strip/towel/plastic Secure cape Cape over back of chair Personal injury Protect clothing Sanitization ERRORS Ruin clothing, personal injury, uns	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Secure cape CUES Service to be given Bleach, color, permanent wave, relaxer, sham- Ruin clothing, personal injury, uns	Towel Plastic Smock Cape	Seat patron Select materials and supplies Wash and sanitize hands Turn collar in Remove all jewelry	Cape over back of chair Personal injury Protect clothing
Service to be given Bleach, color, permanent wave, relaxer, sham- Ruin clothing, personal injury, uns		Apply neck strip/towel/plastic Secure cape	
Service to be given Bleach, color, permanent wave, relaxer, sham- Ruin clothing, personal injury, uns			
		Bleach, color, permanent wave, relaxer, sham-	ERRORS Ruin clothing, personal injury, unsanitary
2 00	000		207

(TASK TATEMENT) PREPARE PATRON FOR HAIR SERVICES

	SCIENCE	***	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
,	Sterilization – Sanitation – Chemical disinfection Properties of: – Quats (quaternary ammonium compound)	and the second s	Méasurement: non-geometric — liquid Fundamental Operations (calculation) — addition, subtraction, multiplication and division algorithms Rationals
°¢	Formalin (formaldehyde gas in H ₂ O) Alcohol (55% – 99% concentration) Bacteriology (sanitation)		
e			

COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES EXAMPLES			
1 PERFORMANCE MICHES EXAMINEED	•	SKILLS/CONCEPTS	
Speaking Telling patron just which service	e is to be given	Clarity of expression	
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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFÉTY – HAZARD
Neck strip Cape Comb, brush Shampoo Towel Hair rinse Patron	Wash and sanitize hands Examine hair and scalp Brush hair Sanitize shampoo bowl Seat patron properly Adjust water temperature and volume Rinse hair and apply shampoo Rinse and apply second shampoo Apply manipulations Rinse and apply after-rinse	Protect skin and clothing Disease and breakage Scalp irritation Bersonal injury (water on floor) Too hot, too cold (water) Eyes and ears Sanitary implements Chemically treated hair
Type of shampoo Type of rinse Brush, comb before shampoo	CUES Bleached, tinted, toned, permanent waved, chemically relaxed, damaged Medicated (dandruff), damaged, oily, reconditioning Bleached, tinted, toned, permanent waved, chemically relaxed, damaged	ERRORS Breakage and irritation Breakage, relaxed set, aggravated condition Breakage and irritation

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A PLAIN SHAMPOO

	(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A PLAIN SHAMPU	<u></u>	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	SCIENCE		M	ATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	· ·
	pH (potential hydrogen) of shampoos a Chemistry — structure of oils. Chemical composition of soaps Properties of inverted soaps Spreadability of shampoo Surface tension (wetting agents)				
•		2M		· ·	
,		COMMUN	ICATIONS		4
	PERFORMANCE MODES Listering Touching Talking Observing	Patron's preference Performing manipulation Patron asks your opinion Patron has damaged, ab	on ·	SKILLS/CONCEPT Recognize opinions Use of pressure, movement Making judgements Visual analysis	<u>rs</u>

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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY HAZARD
Shampoo comb Applicator bottle Shampoo Patron	Analyze hair and scalp Select correct shampoo Read manufacturer's or doctor's instructions Prepare shampoo Give shampoo (see plain shampoo tools)	Eyes and ears Discoloration of hair Interfere with other services Inflammable liquid, open flame
DECISIONS Diagnose which condition exists Determine which shampoo to use Determine proper mixing procedure	CUES Dandruff, dry or oily scalp, dry, brittle, overlightened or tinted hair, permanently waved, itchy scalp, flaky scalp, split ends, broken hair, scalp abrasions, falling hair, patron complaint Condition of hair on scalp Read manufacturer's instructions or medical doctor's instructions	ERRORS Condition could be contagious, condition should not be treated by cosmetologist Condition could be contagious, condition should not be treated by cosmetologist, could make condition worse Shampoo could be too weak or too strong

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A SPECIALIZED SHAMPOO FOR VARIOUS SCALP AND HAIR CONDITIONS

SCIENCE

. MATH - NUMBER, SYSTEMS,

Chemistry — structure of oils
Chemical composition of soaps
pH (potential hydrogen) of shampoos
Properties of inverted soaps
Spreadability of shampoo
Surface tension (wetting agents)

Fundamental Operations (calculations) — addition, subtraction, multiplication and division algorithms

Measurement: non-geometric — liquid

Rationals

COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES

EXAMPLES

SKILLS/CONCEPTS

Reading Observing Touching Talking Statement

Manufacturer's or doctor's instructions
Observing condition of hair and scalp
Feeling condition of hair
Asking questions
Answering questions

General vocabulary, numbers, comprehension Visual analysis, accuracy Making judgements Clarity of expression Discriminate facts from non-facts

216

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY — HAZARD
Neck strip T Towel Plastic Smock Cape Comb, brush Shampoo Hair rinse Shampoo comb Applicator bottle Cotton Dish or bowl Liquid dry shampoo Patron	Have patron-change into smock Wash and sanitize hands Analyze hair and scalp Part hair one inch sections Apply liquid with cotton Rub part with towel Repeat all over head Apply down length of strand all over head Rub strands with towel Remoisten with liquid and set	Steady chair Cape over back of chair Personal injury/water on floor Protect clothing Sanitization Disease and breakage Scalp irritation Too hot or too cold/water Eyes and ears Sanitary implements Chemically treated hair Discoloration of hair Interfere with other services Inflammable liquid, open flame Treat patron gently, certain types of injury
DECISIONS	CUES	ERRORS .
Determine amount of liquid to use Determine reason	Texture and density Amount of soil Injury, illness	Use too much/too little Carelessness with application, treat patron gently 219

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A LIQUID DRY SHAMPOO

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Chemistry (benzene/carbon tetrachloride)	Measurement: non-geometric — liquid Fundamental Operations (calculation) — addition, subtraction, multiplication and division algorithms Rationals
ξ.*	

COMMUNICATIONS

			COMMONICATIONS	
		PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
9	Reading Observing Touching		Manual instructions How dirty is hair Handle patron gently	Comprehension Visual analysis, making judgements Kinetics/body language
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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Neck strip Towel Plastic Smock Cape Comb, brush Shampoo Hair rinse Applicator bottle Gauze Two brushes Powder dry shampoo Patron	Have patron change into smock Wash and sanitize hands Analyze hair and acalp Divide hair into four sections Apply powder thick at scalp Allow to remain allotted time Brush thoroughly with gauze-covered brushes Arrange hair in desired style	Steady chair Cape over back of chair Sanitary implements Protect clothing Protect skin/disease and breakage Scalp irritation Personal injury/water on the floor Too hot, too cold/water Eyes and ears Chemically treated hair Discoloration of hair Interfere with other services Inflammable liquid, open flame Treat patron gently Certain types of injury
DECISIONS Determine how often gauze is changed on brushes	CUES Amount of soil in hair and on brushes	ERRORS Hair will not be properly cleansed

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A POWDER DRY SHAMPOO

SCIENCE SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Absorption/orris root, tale, starch, chalk	
COMMUNI	CATIONS

:		COMMUNICATIONS	*foc
	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCERTS
Reading Observing Touching		Manual instructions How dirty is hair Handle patron gently	Comprehension Visual analysis, making judgements Kinetics/body language
	•		
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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Conditioner Shampoo Applicator bottle Shampoo comb	Choose correct conditioner Read manufacturer's instructions Apply conditioner Rinse, shampoo or leave on	Eyes or ears Allergy
Patron	,	**
<u>DECISIONS</u> '	CUES	ERRORS
Those with setting lotion added Determine if hair is tinted, bleached and toned, permanently waved	Set not holding, hair lacks body, limp, life- less, weak, patron complaint Sight, touch, feel, talk	Too much body, too little, insufficient conditioning Too much body, too little, insufficient conditioning usually not done before these services
226		227

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT AND APPLY IN			MATH' - NUMBER SYSTEMS	
Potential hydrogen (pH) Chemistry of conditioners Acids, bases and salts Chemical compounds Solutions and emulsions		Measurement:nor	n-geometric — liquid	
		• •		
		٠		
2	COMMUN	ICATIONS		
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXA	MPLES	SKILLS/CONCE	PTS

Observing

Touching Listening

Reading Speaking Patron's hair is sun-bleached, abused or damaged, split ends

Hair feels dry and rough Patron complaint

Manufacturer's instructions Tell patron about conditioner Visual analysis

Texture Discriminate facts from non-facts, recognize opinions

Comprehension, definition, terminology Basic sales techniques, product knowledge

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT, MIX AND	APPLY NON-COLOR RINSES				
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD			
Shampoo comb Applicator bottle or bowl Rinse Shampoo Patron	Determine correct rinse Read manufacturer's instructions Prepare rinse Apply rinse Rinse, shampoo or leave on	Eyes and ears Allergy Discoloration of hair Interfere with other services			
DECISIONS Determine which of the following to use: -Vinegar Lemon Citric acid Non-strip Reconditioning Medicated Cream	Soap curds, dull hair, hard water Hair matted and tangled, dull Hair matted and tangled, dull Bleached and toned hair Sight, feel Certain hair and scalp disorders Tangled hair, rough hair	Leave on/odor Discoloration, damage if left on Discoloration, damage if left on Used with other manufacturer's products Used when not needed Irritate scalp, condition too serious Set may relax excessively, may destroy permanent wave. 231			

SCIENCE			MATH - NUMBĖF	SYSTEMS		* \
Chemistry of: Vinegar, lemon juice, hydrogen peroxide, neutralizers, cream ditioners	rinses, con-	cation and di	perations (calculations) ivision algorithms non-geometric — liquid		subtraction,	multipli
Chemistry of acid rinses pH (potential hydrogen) of acid rinses Chemical reaction of acid rinse on cuticle of hair	<i>e</i> q	Rationals		•	*	
Lotions Solutions and emulsions Acids, bases and salts	•	1				•
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		*	,	•	· ,	

COMMUNICATIONS

	COMMONICATIONS)
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Reading Seeing Touching Listening	Manual instructions Observing condition of hair and scalp Feeling condition of hair Patron's preference or answers to questions	General vocabulary, numbers, comprehension Visual analysis, accuracy Making judgements, recognize opinions Discriminate facts from non-facts
·		
232		233

Duty H Cutting and Shaping Hair

- Analyze shape for cut
- Section hair for cutting Razor-cut hair

- Scissor-cut hair
 Thin or taper hair
 Trim hair
- Clip hair '
- Shingle hair (Feather edge)

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
	Review patron's name before she comes in or before you greet her Observe patron while walking Determine type of personality Determine occupation	
	Analyze shape of face, head, neck, shoulders, and body, color and texture of hair	
4	•	
<u>DECISIONS</u> Cut and/or style suitable to patron	Employed, single, able to handle style mentally and physically, patron preference	ERRORS Patron or operator choose wrong style, wrong for color and/or texture of hair
		236
235		

FASK STATEMENT) ANALYZE SHAPE FOR CUT MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS SCIENCE Anatomy of hair COMMUNICATIONS **EXAMPLES** SKILLS/CONCEPTS PERFORMANCE MODES Clarity of expression Patron's preference/operator's opinion **Talking** Visual analysis, making judgements, shape of Observe patron: walking, talking, physical Observing face and body; body language · features Discriminate facts from non-facts, recognize Patron complaint, kind of job, financial position Listening opinions Size, shape, texture, condition tue shape of head, cup; press, feel **Touching** 238

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS "	SAFETY – HÁZARD
Neck strip Towel Plastic Smock Cape Comb Clips Patron	Have patron change into smock Choose sectioning for type of haircut Section hair	Steady chair Cape over back of chair Personal injury — protect clothing Sanitation
		•
DECISIONS Determine type of haircut	Patron's preference Shape of body, face and head Texture of hair Color of hair Neckline Personality	ERRORS Either patron or operator chooses wrong style Wrong sectioning

(TASK STATEMENT) SECTION HAIR FOR CUTTING

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS SCIENCE Fundamental Operations (calculations) - addition, subtraction, multipli-Sterilization cation and division algorithms Chemical disinfection Sanitation Rationals Properties of: Measurement: non-geometrie - liquid Quats (quaternary ammonium compound) Formalin (formaldehyde gas in H₂O) Alcohol (55% - 99% concentration) Bacteriology (sanitation) . COMMUNICATIONS . SKILLS/CONCEPTS **EXAMPLES** PERFORMANCE MODES

Observing

Talking

Patron asks for opinion
Patron makes wrong decision
Patron asks for explanation of haircut

Patron asks for explanation of haircut
Patron's style needs

Terminology/general vocabulary Clarity of expression

Visual analysis

241

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Neck strip Towel Plastic Smock Cape Comb, brush Shampoo Hair rinse Clips Razor Guard Talc Hair cutting comb Scissors Patron	Have patron change into smock Wash and sanitize hands Determine hair length Cut section by section	Steady chair Cape over back of chair Sanitize implements Protect clothing Personal injury No common brush for talc Cut wet (patron comfort) Split ends
DECISIONS Determine suitable style Decide which section to cut first/last	Patron's preference Shape of body, face and bead Texture of hair Color of hair Neckline Personality Cut systematically for uniform shape	ERRORS Either patron or operator chooses wrong style Wrong sectioning Cutting haphazardly Leave too long Cut too short —Stairstep appearance 244

Bacteriology (sanitation)

RAZOR-CUT HAIR

SCIENCE.

Anatomy of hair

Sterilization — Chemical disinfection

Sanitation

Properties of:

Quats (quaternary ammonium compound)

Formalin (formaldehyde gas in H₂O)

Alcohol (55% — 99% concentration)

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

Rationals

Measurement: geometric - linear

Measurement: non-geometric - liquid

COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES

Talking

Observing

EXAMPLES

Patron asks for opinion
Patron makes wrong decision
Patron asks for explanation of hair cut
Hands at correct angle, follow guides
Patron's style needs

SKILLS/CONCEPTS

Terminology/general vocabulary Clarity of expression

Visual malysis

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ſ	(TASK STATEMENT) SCISSOR-CUT HAIR		T
	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
	Neck strip Towel Plastic Smock Cape Comb, brush	Have patron change into smock Wash and sanitize hands Determine hair length Cut section by section	Steady chair Cape over back of chair Personal injury Sanitation No common brush for talc
	Shampoo Hair rinse Clips Scissors Thinning shears		
,	Talc Haircutting comb Patron		
	DECISIONS Determine suitable style Determine to cut wet or dry	CUES Patron's preference Shape of body, face and head Texture of hair Color of hair Neckline Personality Type of ctule texture of heir conditions of	ERRORS Either patron or operator chooses wrong a style Wrong sectioning
7	Decide which section to cut first/last Determine whether to slither or cut blunt	Type of style, texture of hair, condition of hair Cut systematically for uniform shape Style desired	Style not flattering, cut should be done dry/wet, cause split ends, breakage Cutting haphazardly, leave too long, cut too short, stair-step appearance Style not flattering, cut should be done
<u>IC</u>	٠		dry/wet, cause split-ends, breakage

(TASK STATEMENT) SCISSOR-CUT HAIR

SCIENCE

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

Properties of: •

Quats (quaternary ammonium compound) Formalin (formaldehyde gas in H₂O) Alcohol (55% — 99% concentration) Bacteriology (sanitation) Rationals

Measurement: geometric — linear Measurement: non-geometric — liquid

COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES

Talking

Seeing

Listening Touching

EXAMPLES

Patron asks for opinion
Patron makes wrong decision
Patron asks for explanation of haircut
Hands at correct angle, follow guides
Patron's style needs
Hair length
Patron's complaint
Cup, press, feel

SKILLS/CONCEPTS

Terminology/general_vocabulary Clarity of expression

Visual analysis, logic

Measure Recognize opinions Texture

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(TASK STATEMENT) THIN OR TAPER	HAIR	<u>. </u>			
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY — HAZARD			
Neck strip Towel Plastic Smock Cape Comb Clips Hair rinse, shampoo Razor Guard Talc Hair cutting comb Scissors Thinning scissors, single edge; thinning scissors, double edge Patron	Review patron's name before she comes in a before you greet her Have patron change into smock Select materials and supplies Determine type of personality Determine occupation Analyze shape of face, head, neck, shoulders body; color and texture of hair Choose sectioning for type of hair cut Section hair Determine hair length Cut section by section	Over-taper Steady chair Cape over back of chair Personal injury Protect clothing			
DECISIONS Determine how much to thin Determine how much to taper Determine whether to slither or cut blunt	Density, texture and color of hair, shape of head Hair length, density, texture and color of hair and shape of head Style desired	ERRORS Thin too close to scalp, thin too much or too little Taper too high, ends too thin, stairstep appearance Style not flattering, cut should be done dry/			

Already thin, hair will stick up

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Determine where not to thin

wet, cause split ends, breakage
Nape, over ears, front hairline, at part, top

layer, ends

	SCIENĆE	• •					MAŢŀ	1 – NÜ	MBER S	YSTEMS
Sanitation Properties of Quats (quaternary ammonium Formalin (formaldehyde gas	in H ₂ O) -	. •	* *		Measure	menț: ge	ometric -	- linear		
Alcohol (55% – 99% conce Bacteriology (sanitation) Anatomy of hair	ntration)		•				a.	-	•	
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COMMUNICATIONS

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 	PERFORMANCE MO	ODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Observing Talking Touching Listening			Density and color of hair Patron's preference Density: fine, medium, coarse; shape of head Patron complaint	Visual analysis Terminology/general vocabulary Thickness, texture, shape Recognize opinions
	α -	•		
	253			254

(TASK STATEMENT) TRIM HAIR	? (
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Neck strip Towel Plastic Smock Cape Scissors Razor	Determine area to be trimmed (bangs, side, nape) Section hair if necessary Trim hair	Steady chair Cape over back of chair Sanitary implements Protect clothing Personal injury Sanitation
Patron		
Determine area to trimmed	CUES Patron request Operator decision	ERRORS Trim entire head, not just one section.
255		256

TASK STATEMENT) TRIM HAIR		dž		
SCIENCE	*		MATH - NUMBER	SYSTEMS'
Anatomy of hair Sterilization — Chemical disinfection Sanitation Properties of: Quats (quaternary ammonium compound) Formalin (formaldehyde gas in H ₂ Q) Alcohol (55% — 99% concentration) Bacteriology (sanitation)	A second	Measurement: geo	metric — linear	
1	COMMUNI	CATIONS		
PERFORMANCE MODES	Determine where and he	•	, , -	LLS/CONCEPTS sion, implying, logic

Talking

Determine where and how much patron wants or needs trimming

A trim is not a haircut, a trim all over is a

haircut

258

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SÀFETY – HAZARD	
Neck strip Towel Plastic Smock Cape Scissors Comb	Determine if all ends are split Section (small, equal) Twist section tightly from scalp to ends Ruff strand upward toward scalp Glip split ends Brush briskly	Steady chair Cape over back of chair Sanitary implements Protect clothing Personal injury Sanitation	
Patron			
DECISIONS Use twisting method or cut end of strand Determine how far up strand to ruff	CUES If hair is tapered or club cut Length of hair and number of split ends	ERRORS Not clipping all ends Cutting too close to strand Clipping long hair too far up strand	
	7		
25 9		260	

SCIENCE		• . ´ MA	TH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	
Trichoptilosis (anatomy of hair)		Measurement: geometr	ric — linear	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			•	\$
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	COMMUNIC	ATIONS A		
PERFORMANCE MODES Seeing Talking	EXAMP Looking for split ends Inform patron (of split h		SKILLS/CONCEPT Visual analysis, microscope Clarity of expression, persuasion technique	• ,
261			2	262

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS -	, SAFETY – HAZARD	
Neck strip Towel Plastic Smock Cape	Section hair Establish guide Comb and scissors simultaneously Blend to crown Clean nape	Avoid nipping skin at nape with points of scissors Neckline too high Stairstep appearance	
Comb Scissors Razor Patron			
DECISIONS Determine guide at nape Determine guide at nape Determine guide at nape Determine guide at nape The second	CUES Patron preference Shape and length of neck, shape of shoulders, texture, hair stream, shape of head Shape of head, direction and strength of hair growth, texture Patron preference Texture, hair growth, sensitivity of skin	ERRORS Not cutting systematically, leave stairstep appearance, cut too short/leave too long Misjudging whorl, cowlick, hair stream Destroy beauty of natural hairline, shave too high, irritate skin	

TASK STATEMENT) SHINGLE HAIR (FEATHER EDGE)

	SCIENCE			MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Anatomy of hair Sterilization — Chemical disinfection Sanitation Properties of: Quats (quaternary ammonium compound Formalin (formaldehyde gas in H ₂ O) Alcohol (55% — 99% concentration) Bacteriology (sanitation)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Measurement: geometric — linear		
		· ·	, m		M. O.	

	COMMUNICATIONS	the second second
PERFORMANCE MODES Seeing Touching Talking Listening	EXAMPLES Patron's styling needs, shape Shape of head, hair Fine, medium, coarse, Hair stream, whorl cowlick Explain best length to patron Patron information	SKILLS/CONCEPTS Visual analysis Shape, texture, direction Clarity of expression Discriminate facts from non-facts
		266

Duty | Waving and Relaxing Hair

- 1 Analyze hair and scalp for standard cold wave
- 2 Select needed supplies and equipment for cold wave
- 3 Give test curls
- 4 Give a standard cold wave
- 5 Giye a body wave 🗸
- 6 .. Give a stylized permanent wave
- 7. Prepare and apply sodium hydroxide relaxer to a virgin head of hair
- 8 Prepare and apply ammonium theoglycolate relaxer for virgin hair
- 9 Soft press and hard press hair
- Relax hair using heat comb method

(TASK STATEMENT) ANALYZE HAIR AND SCALP FOR STANDARD COLD WAVE

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, 6 OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STERS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Comb Cape Neck strip Patron	Comb through hair Examine scalp for cuts, abrasions or irritations Determine the condition of the hair and scalp Consider the porosity, texture, elasticity, density and length of hair	Spread of disease if patron is infected
Determine condition of hair Determine texture of hair Determine condition of scalp	Porosity, texture, elasticity, damaged, bleached, tinted Diameter of hair shaft Broken skin, abrasions, irritations	Choosing wrong permanent wave Choosing wrong processing time Further irritations, spread of disease

(TASK STATEMENT) ANALYZE HAIR AND SCALP FOR STANDARD COLD WAVE ,

ê	SCIENCE	,		est.	2	MATH - NUME	BER SYSTEMS	•
Anatomy of hair and sk try Simplified — Mila Diseases of the skin	in — book reference: dy	Hair Structure	and Chemis-	7			•	
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	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
	Smelling Observing Touching Listening	Frequency of shampoo and diseases of hair, carry odor Noticing condition of hair and scalp Feeling fexture, condition of hair Patron discusses hair and skin problems	Perception Visual analysis Perception, making judgements Discrimination of important information from unimportant
€	Reading 270	Information on diseases and anatomy of hair	Comprehension, instructions 271

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT NEEDED SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT FOR COLD WAVE

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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Applicators Porous end paper Cold wave lotion Neutralizer Neutralizer bib Shampoo cape Curling rods Protective cream Cotton or neutralizing bands Mild liquid shampoo Neutral or cream rinse Neck strips and towels Combs Hair clips and pins Scissors or razor Protective gloves Record card Patron	Determine size and amount of rods Determine type of permanent wave	
DECISIONS Size of rod for type of hair Type of permanent wave	Texture and length of hair Tinted, bleached, virgin, resistent or high porosity	ERRORS Too tight or too loose Too tight or too loose 273

(TASK STATEMENT) SELECT NEEDED SUPPLIES A	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Basic chemistry (acid and alkali) Hair and skin anatomy (texture of hair)	
	COMMUNICATIONS
PERFORMANCE MODES Reading Reference Man	to textbook Comprehension Instruction
ERIC CARLEST TO THE STATE OF TH	275

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Permanent wave rods End papers Permanent wave solution Neutralizer Clips Towel Cotton Patron	Loosen the rod, Unwind the rod 1½ turns without pulling on strand Move the rod slightly toward scalp Permit the hair to relax into a wave pattern without pushing Rewind and fasten rod Continue testing for curl development at regular intervals and test on different areas of the head each time Processing is complete when wave forms a firm "s"	Chemical burns Solution in eyes Applying solution to broken or infected areas Allergy
DECISIONS Determining the correct amount of curl	CUES Perfect "s" pattern	ERRORS Too tight, too loose

GIVE TEST CURLS

	SCIENCE		MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	
Basic knowledge of structure Basic knowledge of chemistry	and anatomy of hair (acid and alkali)		Measurement: geometric — linear Measurement: non-geometric — liquid	
4				*
		COMMUNIC		· · · ·

	PERFORMANCE	MODES	EXAMPLES	·	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Reading Observing Touching			Manufacturer's directions Noticing when the hair is curled Feeling texture of hair		Comprehension, instruction Visual analysis Making judgements Texture
•		**			***
27	8				27

Company of the

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SÂFETY – HAZARD
Permanent wave rods End papers Permanent wave solution Neutralizer Clips Towel Cotton Patron	Select correct permanent for hair Read manufacturer's instructions Section hair Test curls Apply solution Wrap Resaturate Test curls Rinse and blot dry Neutralize Read manufacturer's instructions	Chemical burns Solution in eyes Applying solution to broken or infected area: Allergy
DECISIONS Determine kind of permanent wave for type of hair Determine if hair has formed perfect "s" pattern Does hair need extra neutralizer Determine size of rod	Is hair finted, bleached, virgin resistant; elastic or normal Being aware of hair texture, how quickly will curl Consider thickness and porosity of hair to determine whether more neutralizer should be used Texture of hair	ERRORS Poor selection for type of hair Overprocessing or underprocessing of hair Relaxed permanent wave Too soft or too tight a curl

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A STANDARD COLD WAVE

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Basic knowledge of structure and anatomy of hair Basic knowledge of chemistry (acid and alkali)	Measurement: geometric — linear Measurement: non-geometric — liquid

COMMUNICATIONS

PERI	FORMANCE	MODES	EXAMPLES		<u> ŠKILLS/CONCEPTS</u>
Reading Observing Touching			Manufacturer's instructions Noticing when the hair is curled Feeling texture of hair	, ,	Comprehension, instruction Visual analysis, making judgements Texture
•				•	
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282	,	4		a ,	283

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A BODY WAY	/E ,	
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY HAZARD
Non-tapered rods Three sizes — thinnest rod — minimum 3/16" diameter rods, largest rod — minimum 1/2" Patron* * Most successful results given on hair 31/2"— 7" in length	Select correct permanent wave for hair Read manufacturer's instructions Section hair Test curls Apply solution Wrap Resaturate Test curls Rinse and blot dry Neutralize Read manufacturer's instructions	Chemical burns Solution in eyes Applying solution to broken or infected areas
DECISIONS Diagnose hair for size of rod Sufficient neutralization	CUES Texture of hair Does hair feel warm during neutralization?	ERRORS Too soft or too tight Relaxed permanent wave
284		285

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A BODY WAVE

	1	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEM	
Basic knowledge of structure and anatomy of hair Basic knowledge of chemistry (acid and alkali).		geometric — linear non-geometric — liquid	
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	· .			COMMUNICATIONS		. ``.	
· Reading / Observing Touching		E MODES	-	EXAMPLES. Manufacturer's instructions Noticing when the hair is curled Feeling texture of hair	c.	Comprehension,	instruction making judgements
	*	· · · , ·	•••	25			
\	286)				200

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A STYLIZED PERMANENT WAVE

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Permanent wave rods End papers Permanent wave solution Neutralizer Clips Towel Cotton Patron	Select correct permanent wave for hair. Read manufacturer's instructions Section hair Test curls Apply solution Resaturate Test curls Rinse and blot dry. Neutralize Read manufacturer's instructions Wrap permanent wave, using rods as one would use rollers (same setting pattern)	Chemical burns Solution in eyes Applying solution to broken or infected are
DECISIONS Determine kind of permanent wave for type f of hair Determine if hair has formed perfect "s"	CUES Is hair tinted, bleached, virgin resistant, elastic or normal Being aware of hair texture, how quickly will	ERRORS Poor selection for type of hair Overprocessing or underprocessing of hair
Does hair need extra neutralizer Determine size of rod	it curl Consider thickness and porosity of hair to determine whether more neutralizer should be used Texture of hair	Relaxed permanent wave Too soft or too tight a curl
288		289 }

TASK STATEMENT) GIVE	ASTITUTED TEXT		,	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SCIENCE	· ·	• ;	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Basic knowledge of structure Basic knowledge of chemistr	and anatomy of hai y (acid and alkali)	r	Measurement: Measurement:	geometric - linear non-geometric - liquid
	• , .			
		COMMUN	ICATIONS	
PERFORMANCE Reading Observing Touching	MODES	Manufacturer's instruct Noticing when the hair Feeling texture of hair	is curled 🕺 🗻	SKILLS/CONCEPTS Comprehension, instruction Visual analysis, making judgements Texture

155^-

(TASK STATEMENT) PREPARE AND APPLY SODIUM HYDROXIDE RELAXER TO A VIRGIN HEAD OF HAIR

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	. SAFETY – HAZARD	
Gloves	Cape patron	Personal injury/chemical burns	
Precream base	Section hair in four sections	Reaction to metallic salts	
Neck strips	Examine scalp ~		
Cape	Apply base		
Rattail	Section hair in five sections.		
Straight comb	Apply starting at nape	,	
Relaxer	Apply ½ - 1" from scalp to 1½" from ends		
Neutralizer **	Comb each bisection		
Towels	Apply to roots and ends	•	
Patron ' S	Work through hair until relaxed	•	
	Rinse hair thoroughly with warm water	·	
•	Add neutralizer to hair		
•	Rinse thoroughly		
•	Style as desired		
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		<u> </u>	
DECISIONS	<u>CUES</u>	· ERRORS ,	
How long should relaxer remain on hair	Texture	Breakage	
Use correct types of relaxer	Texture, color-treated		
Presence or absence of metallic salts	Test for metallic salt (20-20 test)	Not relaxed enough — relaxed too much	
· ·	rest for metaling sait (20-20 test)	Extreme hair damage	
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(TASK STATEMENT) PREPARE AND APPLY SODIUM HYDROXIDE RELAXER TO A VIRGIN HEAD OF HAIR.

Basic chemistry — pH balance, elements, compounds and mixtures Basic hair anatomy — cells, growth, structure Anatomy — skin, circulation, myology Measurement: geometric — linear Measurement: non-geometric — liquid

COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES
Touching Reading Observing	Hair must be rinsed immediately when hair reaches relaxed state Manufacturer's instructions Relaxed state of hair
	£ source

SKILLS/CONCEPTS

Perception, making judgements -

Comprehension Signal Visual analysis

(TASK STATEMENT) PREPARE AND APPLY AMMONIUM THEOGLYCOLATE RELAXER FOR VIRGIN HAIR

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD	
Gloves Cotton Cape Theo-relaxer Neutralizer Towels Comb Patron	Drape patron as for cold wave Strand test as per manufacturer's instructions Part off four sections (hairline to hairline) Examine scalp, Shampoo with mild shampoo Section hair Comb theo-relaxer through hair Pour over hair and comb through until hair is relaxed Rinse thoroughly Apply neutralizer for given period of time Rinse Style as desired	Keep away from skin, eyes and ears Protect patron from fumes	
DECISIONS How long should relaxer remain on hair Use correct types of relaxer Presence or absence of metallic salts	Texture Texture, color-treated Test for metallic salt (20-20 test)	Breakage Not relaxed enough — relaxed too much Extreme hair damage	
29 6		297	

PREPARE AND APPLY AMMONIUM THEOGLYCOLATE RELAXER FOR VIRGIN HAIR

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Basic chemistry — pH balance, elements, compounds and mixtures Basic hair anatomy — cells, growth, structure Anatomy — skin, circulation, myology	Measurement: geometric — linear Measurement: non-geometric — liquid
COMMI	JNICATIONS

İ	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
	Touching Reading Observing	Hair must be rinsed immediately when hair reaches relaxed state Manufacturer's instructions Relaxed state of hair	Perception, making judgements Comprehension Visual analysis
,			
	298	•	299

(TASK STATEMENT) SOFT PRESS AND HARD PRESS HAIR

300

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED, UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Cape Neck strip Towel Press comb Cream Comb Brush Clips Dualls Patron	Drape patron Shampoo hair thoroughly Rub light cream through hair Dry under the dryer brushing at certain intervals Comb hair and section into four sections Adjust heating unit Apply pressing cream Bisection sections starting at crown Insert press comb Press hair — soft press - go over entire head once with press comb; hard press - two or more times	Personal injury/burning skin and hair Hair breakage
DECISIONS Amount of pressure on hair Does patron have loose or tight scalp?	CUES Texture of hair Pressure test (test scalp with balls of fingers)	Incomplete relaxation Burning and breakage of hair Loose scalp drawn into press, tight scalp - no
		curl at scalp

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(TASK STATEMENT) SOFT PRESS AND HARD PRESS HAIR

7	SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	
	Anatomy and structure of hair — texture of hair Histology of skin Cosmetic chemistry — composition of creams (mo		•
4			· .
. 6	*	COMMUNICATIONS	3
	PERFORMANCE MODES	COMMUNICATIONS EXAMPLES SKILLS/CONCEI	PTS
	Observing Reading Touching	Noticing straightness Noticing physical change Manufacturer's instructions on press iron Degree of smoothness Visual analysis Comprehension Making judgements	

302

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	HEAT COMB METHOD STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD	
Cape Neck strip Towel Press comb Cream Comb Brush Clips Dualls Patron	Drape patron Shampoo hair thoroughly Rub light cream through hair Dry under the dryer brushing at certain intervals Comb hair and section into four sections Adjust heating unit Apply pressing cream Bisection sections starting at crown Insert press comb Press hair	Personal injury/burning skin and hair Hair breakage	
DECISIONS Amount of pressure used on hair Does patron have loose or tight scalp?	CUES Texture of hair Pressure test (text scalp with balls of fingers)	ERRORS Incomplete relaxation Burning hair, and breakage Loose scalp — drawn into press, tight scalp no curl at scalp	

(TASK STATEMENT) RELAX HAIR USING HEAT COMB METHOD

SCIENCE

				•		
Anatomy	and structur	e of hair -	– texture o	of hair	•	
Histology					••	
Cosmetic	chamistry -	compositi	on of creat	ms (maist	ure vs.	non-moisture)

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

Measurement: non-geometric - liquid

COMMUNICATIONS

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PERFORMANCE MODES Observing Reading Touching Degree of smoothness EXAMPLES SKILLS/CONCEPTS Visual analysis Comprehension Making judgements 306

Duty J Bleaching and Coloring Hair

- 1 Give a strand test (tint or bleach) -
- 2 Give a patch test
- 3 Apply a virgin tint4 Apply permanent tint retouch
- 5 Prepare and apply temporary color rinse
- 6 Prepare and apply semi-permanent color
- 7 Prepare and apply a virgin bleach
- 8 Prepare and apply bleach retouch
- 9 Prepare and apply a toner 10 Prepare and apply a frosting
- 11. Prepare and apply a tip or streak
- 12 Remove hair color

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON

Neck strip Towel Plastic Smock Cape Tint Developer

Plastic applicator bottle and cape Glass or plastic bowl Tint brush

Gloves Record card

Safety glasses .

Talcum powder Bleach

Patron

STEPS

Have patron change into smock
Seat patron
Select materials and supplies
Wash and sanitize hands
Turn collar in E
Remove all jewelry
Apply neck strip/towel/plastic
Secure cape
Examine hair and scalp

SAFETY - HAZARD

Steady chair
Cape over back of chair
Sanitary implements
Personal injury
Allergic reaction to patch test
Protect clothing, hands/stains, allergy
Protect eyes/splashing, fumes
Scalp irritation, eruption

DECISIONS

Determine how much material to mix

Determine texture, porosity, elasticity, condition

Determine if correct color

CUES

Formula: tint or bleach How fast color/bleach develops. Presence of foreign elements Pleased patron, proper contrast (skin, eyes)

ERRORS:

Waste material, wrong formula Not able to judge hair condition, discolora-

Incorrect timing and lighting

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A STRAND TEST (TINT OR BLEACH)

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COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Seeing/observing Talking	Color development (reds, golds, yellows) Ask patron's opinion	Visual analysis Making judgements Terminology/general vocabulary

311

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY HAZARD
Tint Developer Plastic applicator bottle and cap Glass or plastic bowl Tint brush Record card Safety glasses Talcum powder Gloves Patron	Wash innerfold of elbow or behind ear with soap and water Dry Prepare test solution (manufacturer's instruction) Apply test solution to area Allow to dry Examine area in twenty-four hours	Protect hands/stains, allergy Protect eyes/splashing, fumes
DECISIONS Determine spot Determine color to be used Determine negative or positive reaction	CUES Sensitive area Same tone as to be used Itching, burning, swelling, reddening, eruption, abnormal reaction	ERRORS Careless, wrong place Too light, wrong product Not recognizing allergic reaction

SCIENCE

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

Hypersensitivity (aniline derivative) Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act Measurement: non-geometric - liquid

COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES

Seeing Talking

Touching

EXAMPLES

169

Reaction to test, Ask if any itching, etc.

Place where patch test was given

SKILL'S/CONCEPTS

Visual, analysis Clarity of expression " Terminology

Size, shape, temperature

316

(TASK STATEMENT) APPLY A VIRGIN TINT

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Neck strip Towel Plastic Smock Cape Tint Developer Plastic applicator bottle and cap Glass or plastic bowl Tint brush Gloves Record card Safety glasses Talcum powder Patron	Patch test Select color Strand test Section hair Vaseline at hairline Apply to hair shaft ½" to 1" from scalp and 1" from ends Develop color ½ and apply to scalp area and hair ends Rinse and shampoo Remove stains Apply neutral rinse Make out record card	Steady chair Cape over back of chair Sanitary implements Protect clothing, hands/stains, allergy Protect eyes/splashing, fumes
DECISIONS Determine application directly to scalp or ½" to 1" away Determine use of filler Determine how often to test for color	CUES Slight or complete color change Streaked or damaged hair Texture, porosity, elasticity, condition	Uneven color, hair damage Uneven color, hair damage Uneven color, hair damage Uneven color, hair damage
317		318

(TASK STATEMENT) APPLY A VIRGIN TINT

	SCIENCE		MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	
,	Sterilization — Chemical disinfection — Sanitation	,	Measurement: geometric — linear Measurement: non-geometric — time, liquid	
63 10 9	Properties of: Quater (quaternary ammonium compound)	, ,		•
	Formalin (formaldehyde gas in H ₂ O)	•		
	Alcohol (55% – 99% concentration)	· · · ·		•
	Bacteriology (sanitation)			,
•	Anatomy of hair (composition, division) Histology of skin	• •	•	,
•,	Chemistry of hair coloring			,
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				COMMUNICATIONS	
		PERFORMANCE MODES	. ‡.	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
٥	Talking		•	Patron's preference, complaint, operator's deci- sion	Terminology/general vocabulary, sales technique
•	Writing Reading Seeing		Q	Record card Manufacturer's instructions Special problems with color	Terminology, spelling, clarity Definition, terminology, instructions Visual analysis, logic
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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, **OBJECTS ACTED UPON**

Neck_strip Patron Towel Plastic Smock Cape Tint Developer Plastić applicator bottle and cap Glass or plastic bowl Tint brush Gloves Record card Safety glasses Talcum powder Comb. Timer Clips

STEPS

Examine hair and scalp Read tint record card Get materials Shampoo Dry thoroughly Read manufacturer's instructions Put on safety glasses Put on gloves Mix tint (manufacturer's instructions) Part hair, four equal sections Outline parts Apply tint to new growth Check application (hairline, entire head) Set timer Strand test root*area Apply to strand Set timer Test for color Rinse, shampoo and condition

SAFETY - HAZARD

Steady chair Cape over back of chair Sanitary implements Protect clothing, hands/stains, allergy Protect eyes/splashing, fumes Scalp irritation, eruption Do not rub or massage scalp during application Metallic dves Eyes and ears Do not save tint mixed with developer

DECISIONS

Determine if shampoo is necessary

Tint, comb

Shampoo

Determine where to start application

Determine timing Determine color idevelopment Détermine color application to entire strand Determine number of times to shampoo after tint Determine condition of hair

CUES

Badly soiled, coated~

Where it is most grey, most resistant, crown area . Strand test, record card, patron complaint? Grey is/is not covered Overporous ends Tint left on hair and scalp

Touch, texture, porosity

ERRORS

Waste time, unnecessary shampoo irritate scalp Uneven color

Uneversicolor, hair damage Uneven color Uneven color, hair damage Hair and scalp damage, ruin clothing

May remove delicate tints, uneven color, hair damage,

(TASK STATEMENT) APPLY PERMANENT TINT RETOUCH

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS		
Sterifization — Chemical disinfection Sanitation Properties of:	Measurement: non-geometric — time, liquid		
Quats (quaternary ammonium compound) Formalin (formaldehyde gas in H ₂ O) Alcohol (55% — 99% concentration) Bacteriology (sanitation)			
Anatomy of hair (composition, division) Histology of skin Chemistry of hair coloring			

COMMUNICATIONS

	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Writing Reading Seeing Listening Touching		Tint record Time, manufacturer's instruction Tint developed, hair and scalp are clean Directions to patron Condition of hair	Terminology, spelling, penmanship, clarity Comprehension, terminology Visual analysis Concentration, notes Texture, porosity
•			204

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HÁZARD
Neck strip Towel Plastic Smock Cape Brush Comb Cotton swab Applicator bottle Glass or plastic bowl Gloves Timer Patron	Read manufacturer's instructions Get materials Mix rinse Apply rinse Time Rinse or leave on	Eyes and ears
DECISIONS Determine color Determine manner of application Determine time	CUES Patron's preference Operator's decision Product used Manufacturer's instructions	ERRORS Wrong color or application Failure to read manufacturer's instructions Failure to read manufacturer's instructions

SCIENCE	,	MA	ATH - NUMBER S	SYSTEMS	
Chemistry as applied to cosmetics Properties of mixtures (emulsions, suspension, solu Certified colors	utions)	Measurement: non-geo	ometric — liquid	·	, ,
ys. ,	•1		• • •	•	
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PERFORMANCE MODES	•	MPLES opinion	SKII Terminology/gene	LS/CONCER	
Talking Observing	Patron's preference of Discoloration of hair	perator's opinion	Terminology/gene Making judgemer		ry

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY
Neck strip Towel Plastic	Read manufacturer's instructions Shampoo and towel dry Gloves	Eyes and ears Twenty-four hour predisposition test Protect from stains/gloves
Smock Cape Color Brush	Apply tint Plastic cap Time, test for color Remove color	
Comb Applicator bottle and cap Glass or plastic bowl Plastic cap	Neutral rinse Fill out record card	
Glőves Talcum powder Timer	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Neutral rinse Record card Patron		
DECISIONS	CUES	ERRORS
Determine use of plastic cap. Determine pre-shampoo	Manufacturer's instructions . Manufacturer's instructions, coated hair	Waste time, ineffectual penetration Waste time, ineffectual penetration
329	; ;	330

TASK STATEMENT) PREPARE AND APPLY SEMI-PERMANENT COLOR

Sterilization — Chemical disinfection Sanitation Properties of: Quats (quaternary ammonium compound) Formalin (formaldehyde gas in H₂O) Alcohol (55% — 99% concentration) Bacteriology (sanitation) Anatomy of hair (composition, division) Histology of skin Chemistry of hair coloring Chemistry as applied to cosmetics Properties of mixtures (emulsions, suspension, solutions) Certified colors

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

Measurement: non-geometric - liquid

COMMUNICATIONS

Talking . Writing Reading	PERFORMANCE MODES	Patron's preference, complaint, operator's decision Record card Manufacturer's instructions Special problems with color	SKILLS/CONCEPTS Terminology/general vocabulary, sales technique Terminology, spelling, clarity Definition, terminology, instructions Visual analysis, logic,
Seeing		Special problems was costs.	

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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, **OBJECTS ACTED UPON** Neck strip Towel Plastic Smock Cape Lightening agent Measuring glass or cup Tint Developer Plastic applicator bottle and cap Glass or plastic bowl Tint brush Record card Safety glasses Talcum powder Gloves

STEPS .

Patch test (toner) Decide how much to lighten Choose correct hightener Examine hair and scalp Strand test Section hair . Prepare bleach (manufacturer's instructions) Apply bleach 1/2" to 1" from scalp Time. Test for color Remove excess bleach Apply to entire strand Time, test for color Remove lightener Examine hair and scalp Fill out record card

SAFETY - HAZARD/

Steady chair Cape over back of chair Sanitary implements Protect clothing, hands/stains, allergy Protect eyes/splashing, fumes Do not comb lightener through hair Dripping or running bleach Test for metallic salts Read manufacturer's instructions Towel wet with bleach on skin

DECISIONS

Determine gold, yellow, pale yellow stage

Determine type of bleach Determine presence of metallic dye, time of bleach, toner to use, patron's physical condition

Determine time bleach stays on

Patron

Determine condition of hair and scalp after bleach, prior to toner

CUES

Patron's preference, operator's decision, color of toner

Pigment in patron's hair

Proceed with toner

Streaked hair, coated hair, condition of hair

Strand test

Hair breakage, scalp irritation, scalp abrasions, efuptions

ERRORS

Toner will not penetrate if hair is not porous enough

Too gold or drab

Discoloration, damaged hair, damage to scalp

Hair will be damaged or break if bleach is on too long

Discoloration, damaged hair, damage to scalp

(TASK STATEMENT) PREPARE AND APPLY A VIRGIN BLEACH

٥	SCIENCE		MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	_
	Sterilization — Chemical disinfection		Measurement: geometric — linear Measurement: non-geometric — time, liquid	
	Properties of: Quats (quaternary ammonium compound) Formalin (formaldehyde gas in H ₂ Q)			
` *	Alcohol (55% — 99% concentration) Bacteriology (sanitation) Anatomy of hair (composition, division)		7.	
	Histology of skin` Chemistry of hair coloring			· · ·
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		nakato .		

•	•	COMMUNICATIONS	^ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
27	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS .
Talking Writing Reading Seeing		Patron's preference, complaint, operator's decision Record card Manufacturer's instructions Special problems with color	Terminology/general vocabulary, sales technique Terminology, spelling, clarity Definition, terminology, instructions Visual analysis, logic
,			

-335

(TASK STATEMENT) PREPARE AND APP	LY BLEACH RE-TOUCH	
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	* SAFETY – HAZARD
Neck strip	Read record card	Steady chair
Towel	Patch test (toner)	Cape over back of chair
Plastic	Decide how much to lighten	Sanitary implements
Smock	Choose correct lightener	Protect clothing, hands/stains, allergy
Cape	Examine hair and scalp	Do not comb lightener through hair
Lightening agent	Strand test	Dripping or running bleach
Measuring glass or cup	Section hair	Test for metallic salts
Tint	Prepare bleach (manufacturer's instructions)	Read manufacturer's instructions
Developer	Outline parts	Towel wet with bleach on skin
Plastic applicator bottle and cap	Apply bleach, 1/8." sections	Tower wet with bleach on skill
Glass or plastic bowl	Time .	
Tint brush	Test for color	
Record card	Apply to strand if necessary	
Safety glasses	Remove bleach	
Talcum powder	Examine hair and scalp	
Gloves	Fill out record card	`
Patron	Proceed with toner	· .
,	The second with control	49
DECISIONS	CUES	ERROR\$
Determine gold, yellow, pale yellow stage	,	 -
	Patron's preference, operator's decision, color of toner	Toner will not penetrate if hair is not porous enough
Determine type of bleach	Pigment in patron's hair	Too gold or drab
Determine presence of metallic dye, time of	Streaked hair, coated hair, condition of hair	Discoloration, damaged hair, damage to scalp
bleach, toner to use, patron's physical condi-		
tion	· · · ·	
Determine time bleach stays on	Strand test	. Hair will be damaged or break if bleach is on
		too long
Determine condition of hair and scalp after .	Hair breakage, scalp irritation, scalp abrasions,	Discoloration, damaged hair, damage to scalp
bleach, prior to toner	eruptions .	• 5
		. 220

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(TASK STATEMENT) PREPARE AND APPLY BLEACH RE-TOUCH.

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	
Sterilization — Chemical disinfection	Measurement: geometric — linear Measurement: non-geometric — time, liquid	
Properties of: Quats (quaternary ammonium compound) Formalin (formaldehyde gas in H ₂ O) Alcohol (55% – 99% concentration)		
Bacteriology (sanitation) Anatomy of hair (composition, division) Histology of skin Chemistry of hair coloring		
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COMMUNICATIONS

	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	COMMUNICATIONS	^; · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Talking		Patron's preference, complaint, operator's deci-	Terminology/general vocabulary, sales technique
Writing Reading Seeing		sion Record card Manufacturer's instructions Special problems with color	Terminology, spelling, clarity Definition, terminology, instructions Visual analysis, logic

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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Neck strip Towel Plastic Smock Cape Lightening agent Measuring glass or cup Tint Developer Plastic applicator bottle and cap Glass or plastic bowl Tint brush Record card Safety glasses Talcum powder Patron	Prelighten hair Examine hair and scalp Section hair Apply to scalp area Comb through strand one inch from ends Time Check for color Apply to ends Time, check for color Rinse and shampoo Remove stains Fill out record card	Steady chair Cape over back of chair Sanitary implements Protect clothing, hands/stains, allergy Do, not comb lightener through hair Dripping or running bleach Test for metallic salts Read manufacturer's instructions Towel wet with bleach on skin Protect eyes/splashing/fumes
DECISIONS Determine condition of hair and scalp after bleach, prior to toner Determine porosity of ends	CUES Hair breakage, scalp irritation, scalp abrasions, eruptions Limp, coarse, discolored	ERRORS Discoloration, damaged hair, damge to scalp Applying toner to ends too soon, discoloration, damage

(TASK STATEMENT) PREPARE AND APPLY A TONER

SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Sterilization — Chemical disinfection Sanitation	Measurement: geometric — linear Measurement: non-geometric — time, liquid
Properties of: Quats (quaternary ammonium compound) Formalin (formaldehyde gas in H ₂ O) Alcohol (55% — 99% concentration) Bacteriology (sanitation) Anatomy of hair (composition, division) Histology of skin Chemistry of hair coloring	

COMMUNICATIONS

	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Talking Writing Reading Seeing		Patron's preference, complaint, operator's decision Record card Manufacturer's instructions Special problems with color	Terminology/general vocabulary, sales technique Terminology, spelling, clarity Definition, terminology, instructions Visual analysis, logic
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(TASK STATEMENT) PREPARE AND APPLY A FROSTING

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD	
Neck strip Towel Patron Plastic Smock Cape Powder bleach H2O2 Frosting cap Comb Tint brush Crochet hook Plastic cap Aluminum foil Shampoo Toner Timer Gloves Talcum powder Glass or plastic bowl	Analyze hair Apply frosting cap Draw strands through holes with crochet hook Mix lightener, manufacturer's instructions Apply lightener Cover with plastic cap Place under dryer or color machine Time, test for color Remove bleach Examine hair Apply toner Time, test for color Remove toner Remove cap Make out record card	Steady chair Cape over back of chair Sanitary implements Protect hands/stain, allergy Protect eyes/splashing, fumes Do not remove frosting cap before towel is applied Protect clothing	
DECISIONS Determine type of partial lightening and and method used (cap, aluminum foil), (weave) Determine if toner is necessary Decide whether to use hair dryer	CUES Patron's preference: frosting, streaking, tipping, shading, painting, sun streaking, blonde on blonde, marbling, framing, flashing, moonlighting, minking, reverse frosting, dimensional coloring, haloing Color, porosity, condition Condition, porosity, use of toner	ERRORS Over and underprocessing, choice of method **Breakage, discoloration Underprocess, waste time	

CTASK STATEMENT) PREPARE AND APPLY A FROSTING MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS SCIENCE Measurement: non-geometric - time, liquid Sterilization - Chemical disinfection Sanitation Properties of: Quats (quaternary ammonium compound) Formalin (formaldehyde gas in H₂O) Alcohol (55% - 99% concentration) Bacteriology (sanitation) Anatomy of hair (composition, division) Histology of skin Chemistry of hair coloring **COMMUNICATIONS** SKILLS/CONCEPTS PERFORMANCE MODES EXAMPLES Patron's preference, complaint, operator's deci-Terminology /general vocabulary, sales technique Talking. sion Terminology, spelling, clarity Record card Writing Manufacturer's instructions Definition, terminology, instructions Reading Special problems with color Visual analysis, logic Seeing

(TASK STATEMENT) PREPARE AND A	PPLY A TÍP OR STREAK	
TOOLS; EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Neck strip Record card Towel Patron Plastic Smock Cape Powder bleach	Analyze patron Analyze hair Section strands Apply bleach to strand Wrap in foil Time, check for color	Steady chair Cape over back of chair Sanitary implements Protect hand/stain, allergy Protect eyes/splashing, fumes Protect face and neck from bleach
H ₂ O ₂ Frosting cap Comb Tint brush Crochet hook Plastic cap	Remove foil Rinse and shampoo Apply toner Time, check for color Rinse and shampoo Make out record card	
Aluminum foil Shampoo Toner Timer Gloves Talcum powder Glass or plastic bowl		
DECISIONS Determine if toner is necessary Decide whether to use hair dryer	CUES Color, porosity, condition Condition, porosity, use of toner	ERRORS Breakage, discoloration Underprocess, waste time
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(TASK STATEMENT) PREPARE AND APPLY A TIP OR STREAK

	SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
San Pro Qua For Alco Bac Ana	rilization perties of: ats (quaternary ammonium compound) rmalin (formaldehyde gas in H ₂ O) cohol (55% – 99% concentration) cteriology (sanitation) atomy of hair (composition, division) tology of skin	Measurement: non-geometric — time, liquid
Che	emistry of hair coloring	

ı		COMMUNICATIONS	
	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
	Talking	Patron's preference, complaint, operator's deci-	Terminology/general vocabulary, sales technique
	Writing Reading	sion Record card Manufacturer's instructions	Terminology, spelling, clarity Definition, terminology, instructions
^	Seeing	Special problems with color	Visual analysis, logic

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON Neck strip Towel Plastic Smock Cape .∗Tint Developer Plastic applicator bottle and cap Glass or plastic bowl Tint brush Gloves Record card Safety glasses Talcum powder Tint remover Timer Patron **DECISIONS**

Read manufacturer's instructions Shampoo/no shampoo Section Gloves Mix material Apply Strand test Heating cap/steamer/damp towel Time, test for color Shampoo Towel dry/ Tone or tint Record card

STEPS

Steady chair Cape over back of chair Sanitary implements Protect clothing, hands/stains, allergy Protect eyes/splashing, fumes Handle this material with caution Material must be shampooed out or action will continue

SAFETY - HAZARD

Determine individual problem Determine degree of success

Determine heating cap, steamer, damp towel

CUES

Color build-up, drastic change
Texture, porosity, elasticity, condition, degree
of change
Manufacturer's instructions

<u>ERRORŚ</u>

Not handled as individual problem Guarantee results

Not seading manufacturer's instructions

(TASK STATEMENT) REMOVE HAIR COLOR

Chemistry of aniline derivative and removers Hair structure and anatomy Measurement: non-geometric—time, liquid		SCIENCE	•	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
	Chemistry of aniline derivative Hair structure and anatomy	e and removers		Measurement: non-geometric time, liquid
	•		*o	
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COMMUNICATIONS,

ŀ	<u></u>		EXAMPLES		SKILLS/CONCEPTS,
	Talking	PERFORMANCE MODES	Patron's preference, complain	•	
	Writing Reading Seeing		Record card Manufacturer's instructions Special problems with color		Terminology, spelling, clarity Definition, terminology, instructions Visual analysis, logic
	,			· ·	

Duty K Styling Hair

- 1 Prepare and apply color shampoo (glamour)
- Prepare and apply fillers
- 3 Prepare permanent tint
- 4 Analyze a facial type
- 5 Style shaped hair with blow dryer
- 6. Give a croquignole curl
- 7 Give a spiral curl
- Brush predesigned curl to desired style

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Neck strip. Towel Plastic Smock Cape Tint Developer Plastic applicator bottle and cap Glass or plastic bowl Tint brush Gloves Record card Safety, glasses Talcum powder Shampoo Tint Patron	Read manufacturer's instructions Examine hair and scalp Gloves, mix material Seat patron in front of shampoo bowl Apply like shampoo Time, test for color Rinse, shampoo Record card	Eyes and ears Steady chair Cape over back of chair Sanitary implements Protect clothing, hands/stains, allergy Protect eyes/splashing, fumes Patch test
DECISIONS Determine length of time and color	CUES This is slight change (five to ten minutes) Patron's preference, operator's decision	ERRORS Leave on too long

(TASK STATEMENT). PREPARE AND APPLY COLOR SHAMPOO (GLAMOUR)

	SCIENC	E	€ .,	MATH - NUMBER SYSTE	:MS
Anatomy of hair Chemistry of ani	line derivative		Measurement:	non-geometric – time, liquid	
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•	COMMUNICATIONS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES Francis and supplies a paratoris desi	SKILLS/CONCEPTS Terminology/general vocabulary, sales technique
Talking Writing Reading Seeing	Patron's preference, complaint, operator's decision Record card Manufacturer's instructions Special problems with color	Terminology/general vocabulary, sales technique Terminology, spelling, clarity Definition, terminology, instructions Visual analysis, logic

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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, & OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Neck strip-	Read manufacturer's instructions	Steady chair
Towel	Select filler	Cape over back of chair
Plastic	Shampoo	Sanitary implements
Smock	Section — '	Protect clothing, hands/stains, allergy
Cape	Gloves (Protect 'eyes/splashing, fumes
Tint	Mix material	Remove stains gently
Developer	Apply	***
Plastic applicator bottle and cap	• Strand test	
Glass or plastic bowl	Plastic cap, steamer, etc.	
Tint brush ~	Time test for color	
Gloves	Shampoo "4	·
Record card	Towel dry or dry/manufacturer's instruction	• .
Safety glasses	Make out record card	•
Talcum powder		t
Filler material		
Timer		
Patron.		
	, ,	
DECISIONS	CUES	ERRORS
		•
Determine color filler or reconditioner filler	Damaged, abused, overporous, streaked, dis-	Not recognizing correct color-base
Determine became and rold *)	colored, hair will not hold toner	No.
Determine brown, red, gold	Damaged, abused, overporous, streaked, dis-	Not recognizing correct color base
Determine toner or tint back	colored hair will not hold toner	Net reasonable comme to les has
c to the or time back	Patron complaint, damaged, abused, overporous streaked, discolored hair will not hold toner	Not recognizing correct color base
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CTASK STATEMENT) PREPARE AND APPLY FILLERS

Γ	`	d	SCIENCE	, -		MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
	Anatomy of hair pH (potential hy	drogen)		, ,		Measurement: non-geometric — time, liquid
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		COMMUNICATIONS	
Talking Writing Reading	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES Patron's preference, complaint, operator's decision Record card Manufacturer's instructions Special problems with color	SKILLS/CONCEPTS Terminology/general vocabulary, sales technique Terminology, spelling, clarity Definition, terminology, instructions Visual analysis, logic
364			

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Tint Developer Plastic applicator bottle and cap Glass or plastic bowl Tint brush Talcum powder Record card Safety glasses Talcum powder	Examine hair and scalp Read tint record card Get materials Read manufacturer's instructions Put on safety glasses Put on gloves Mix tint (manufacturer's instruction)	Protect hands/stain, allergy Protect eyes/splashing, fumes
DECISIONS Determine applicator bottle or bowl and tint brush Determine type of developer Determine how much tint to prepare Determine when to prepare tint	CUES Type of job Kind of tint Manufacturer's instructions, type of job When patron is ready	Waste time Poor results Waste time Poor results Waste time Poor results Tint weakens Waste*time Poor results

MASK STATEMENT) PREPARE PERMANENT TINT

SCIENCE		MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
Sterilization — Chemical disinfection Sanitation Properties of: Quats (quaternary ammonium compound) Formalin (formaldehyde gas in H ₂ O) Alcohol (55% — 99% concentration) Bacteriology (sanitation) Anatomy of hair (composition, division) Histology of skin Chemistry of hair coloring		Measurement: non-geometric – time, liquid
	COMMUNICA	TIONS
PERFORMANCE MODES Reading	EXAMPL Manufacturer's instructions	ES SKILLS/CONCEPTS Comprehension/terminology

Reading Listening Writing Manufacturer's instruction
Directions of instructor
Tint record card

Comprehension/terminology Concentration/note taking Terminology, spelling, clarity

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(TASK STATEMENT) ANALYZE A FACIA	L TYPE	
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS .	SAFETY – HAZARD
Neck strip Comb Brush Cape Mirror Patron	Assemble supplies Wash and sanitize hands Apply neck strip and cape Comb and brush hair Study front view of head Study profile of head (sideview) Study back view of head Study characteristics in features - perfect and imperfect features defects and blemishes Body structure, posture and poise Continue with proper service	
DECISIONS How to style hair	CUES Unattractiveness of facial features	ERRORS Hairstyle not suitable for patron's features

(TASK STATEMENT) ANALYZE A FACIAL TYPE

	SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
	Hair styling	Basic Geometric Skills and Concepts — Determination of area and volume and cylinders, Determination of altitude, area and volume of a right circular cone, Geometric constructions
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COMMUNICATIONS

	PERFORMANCE	E MODES	EXAMPLES SKILLS/CONCEPTS	• *
Observing		(Seeing definite face shapes Accenting good features and playing of unattractive features	down
		•		
		•		•
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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Neck strip Towel Plastic Smock Cape Comb, brush Shampoo Hair rinse Blow dryer Round brush Curling iron Litmus paper Pencil Liquid test (pH) Microscope Patron	Have patron change into smock Seat patron Check condition of hair (pH) Examine hair and scalp Brush and comb hair Select materials and supplies Wash and sanitize hands Sanitize shampoo bowl Turn collar in Remove all jewelry Apply neck strip/towel/plastic Secure cape Adjust water temperature and volume Rinse and apply second shampoo Rinse and apply after-rinse Towel dry hair Set patron near electric outlet Plug in blow dryer in outlet Insert round brush in hair (always starting at	Personal injury
DECISIONS Hair cut style Condition of hair	CUES Shape of hair cut Dry brittle hair	ERRORS Leaving hair too wet before using blow dryer Burning patron

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON-	STEPS	SAFÉTY – HAZARD
4	scalp) at nape area rolling brush in direction of hair style with air from blower on brush continue to crown blow dry sides blow dry top and bang area Use curling iron if necessary Clean up and sanitize	
DECICIONO	0.150	
DECISIONS	CUES	ERRORS
376		377

STYLE SHAPED HAIR WITH BLOW DRYER

SCIENCE

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

Structurally competent (pH 4.5 to 5.5)
Anatomy of hair
pH (potential hydrogen) of shampoos
Sterilization — Chemical disinfection
Sanitation — Chemical disinfection
Properties of:
Quats (quaternary ammonium compound)
Formalin (formaldehyde gas in H₂O)
Alcohol (55% — 99% concentration)
Bacteriology (sanitation)
Chemistry — structure of oils
Chemical composition of soaps
Properties of inverted soaps
Spreadability of shampoo
Surface tension (wetting agents).

Basic Geometry Skills and Concepts

Determination of area and volume and cylinder

Determination of altitude, area and volume of a right circular cone
Geometric constructions

COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES

Observing

Touching.

Reading

Talking

Speaking.

Listening 78

EXAMPLES

Observing condition of hair, patron has damaged, abused hair
Text for elasticity, porosity and texture, performing manipulations
Testing for pH factor

Explain problem to patron Patron asks your opinion

Telling patron just which service is to be given
Patron preference

SKILLS/CONCEPTS

Visual analysis, accuracy

Making judgements/inferences, use of pressure, movement
Comprehension, definition, numbers, term

Comprehension, definition, numbers, termino ogy, instructions

Terminology/general vocabulary, persuasion and sales technique, logic, gestures, facial expression, poise, usage, making judgements

Clarity of expression

Redognize opinions

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Neck strip Towel Plastic Smock Cape Comb, brush Shampoo Hair rinse Press comb Cream Clips Dualls Curling devices Patron	Give preservice according to the decisions Section hair for style Insert curler at end of hair strand and roll ³ down toward scalp to decided distance from scalp Curl secured as desired	Steady chair Cape over back of chair Sanitary implements Protect clothing/skin Disease and breakage Scalp irritation Water on floor Water too hot, too cold Eyes and ears Burning skin and hair Chemically treated hair
DECISIONS Magnetic rollers Curling irons Clippies	CUES Wet set Dry set	ERRORS Weak curls resulting in loss of hair set

SCIENCE

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

Sterilization - Chemical disinfection Sanitation-Properties of: Quats (quaternary ammonium compound) Formalin (formaldehyde gas in H₂O) Alcohol (55% - 99% concentration) Bacteriology (sanitation) pH (potential hydrogen) of shampoos Chemistry - structure of oils Chemical composition of soaps Properties of inverted soaps Spreadability of shampoo Surface tension (wetting agents) Anatomy and structure of hair - texture of hair Histology of skin . Cosmetic chemistry - composition of creams (moisture vs. non-moisture)

Measurement: non-geometric — liquid

Fundamental Operations (calculation)-addition, subtraction, multiplication and division algorithms

Rationals

COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES

Speaking Listening, Touching Talking Observing:

EXAMPLES

Telling patron just which service is to be given Patron's preference
Performing manipulations, degree of smoothness Patron asks your opinion
Patron has damaged, abused hair, noticing straightness, noticing physical change

SKILLS/CONCEPTS

Clarity of expression
Recognize opinions
Making judgements, use of pressure, movement
Making judgements
Visual analysis

(TASK STATEMENI) - GIVE A SPIRAL	CORL	<u> </u>
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Neck strip Towel Plastic Smock Cape Comb, brush Shampoo Hair rinse Press comb Cream Clips Dualls Curling devices Patron	Have patron change into smock Seat patron Select materials and supplies Wash and sanitize hands Turn collar in Remove all jewelry Apply neck strip/towel/plastic Secure cape Sanitize shampoo bowl Examine hair, brush hair Adjust water temperature and volume Rinse and apply shampoo Apply manipulations Rinse hair and apply second shampoo Rinse and apply after-rinse Rub light cream through hair Dry under the dryer brushing at tain intervals Comb hair and section into four sections Adjust heating unit Apply pressing cream	Steady chair Cape over back of chair Sanitary implements Protect clothing - skin Disease and breakage Scalp irritation Water on floor Water too hot, too cold Eyes and ears Chemically treated hair Personal injury Burning skin and hair
Magnetic rollers Curling irons, clips Service to be given Type of shampoo Type of rinse Brush, comb before shampoo Amount of pressure used on hair Does patron have loose or tight scalp	Wet set Dry set Bleach; color, permanent wave, relaxer, shampoo Bleached, tinted, toned, permanent waved, chemically relaxed, damaged Medicated (dandruff), damaged, oily, reconditioning Bleached, tinted, toned, permanent waved, chemically relaxed, damaged Texture of hair Pressure test (test scalp with balls of fingers)	Weak curls resulting in loss of hair set: Weak curls resulting in loss of hair set: Ruin clothing, personal injury, unsanitary Breakage and irritation Breakage, relaxed set, aggravate condition Breakage and irritation Incomplete relaxation, burning hair and breakage Loose scalp/drawn into press, tight scalp/no

(TASK STATEMENT)

GIVE A SPIRAL CURL

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
	Bisection section starting at crown Insert press comb Press hair Roll hair from scalp to end Secure curl with choice of clip	
	Style as desired	
		•
	~	
DECISIONS	CUES	ERRORS curl at scalp
-		
336	3 :	387

(TASK STATEMENT) GIVE A SPIRAL CURL

SCIENCE	•	, 1	* ;	7
Sterilization	•	7	•	-
Sterilization — Chemical disinfection	•			_
Sanitation			•	•
Properties of:			a ,	
Quats (quaternary ammonium compound)				•
Formalin (formaldehyde gas in H ₂ 0)	-	-		
Alcohol (55% - 99% condentration)		;	•	
Bacteriology (sanitation)				- ' •
pH (potential hydrogen) of shampoos	•	,		
Chemistry - structure of oils		•		•
Chemical composition of soaps		,	•	
Properties of inverted soaps				
Spreadability of shampoo		3		
Surface tension (wetting agents)	•		•	• •
Anatomy and structure of hair - texture of	hair	,	•	
Hsitology of skin			•	,
Cosmetic chemistry - composition of creams	s (moi	sture	vs. non-mois	sture) .

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS

Measurement: non-geometric — liquid
Fundamental Operations (calculation) — addition, subtraction, multiplication and division algorithms
Rationals

COMMUNICATIONS

PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS
Speaking Listening Touching Talking Observing Reading	Telling patron just which service is to be given- Patron's preference Performing manipulations, degree of smoothness Patron asks your opinion Patron has damaged, abused hair, noticing straightness, noticing physical change Manufacturer's instructions on press iron	Clarity of expression Recognize opinions Making judgements, use of pressure, movement Making judgements Visual analysis Comprehension

(TASK STATEMENT). BRUSH PREDESIGNED CURL TO DESIRED STYLE

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Neck strip Towel Plastic Smòck Cape Comb, brush Shampoo Hair rinse Press comb Cream Clips Dualls Curling devices Patron	Have patron change into smock Seat patron Select materials and supplies Wash and sanitize hands Turn collar in Remove all jewelry Apply neck strip/towel/plastic Secure cape Adjust water temperature and volume Rinse hair and apply shampoo Rinse and apply second shampoo Rinse and apply after-rinse Rub light cream through hair Dry under the dryer brushing at certain intervals Comb hair and section into four sections Insert roller at scalp area Roll hair from scalp to ends Secure curl with choice of clips	Unnecessary roughness
Back combing * Brush technique	CUES . Mobility desired . Smoothness	ERRORS Hair combed out wet

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(TASK STATEMENT) BRUSH PREDESIGNED CURL TO DESIRED STYLE.

,	TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY HAZARD
		Style as desired Be sure hair is completely dry Brush hair in direction of hair set from scalp to end of hair removing roller tracks Back comb and complete style	
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•	DECISIONS	CUES	ERRORS
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Caring for a Wig

- Measure a customer for a wig
- Order wig/hairpieces
- Repair a wig or hairpiece Cut a wig or hairpiece

- Style a wig or hairpiece
 Clean a human hair wig or hairpiece
 Condition a human hair wig or hairpiece

(TASK STATEMENT) MEASURE A CUSTOMER FOR A WIG

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	ESTEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Measuring tape Hair pins Bobby pins Cape Comb Brush Patron	Brush the hair down smoothly and pin as flat as possible Measure from hairline at middle of forehead around the head above the ears, to back of head and then to starting point Measure from hairline at middle of forehead over top to nape of neck Measure ear to ear across forehead Measure ear to ear over top of head Measure across the crown, temple to temple Measure the width of nape line across nape 8 of neck	Incorrect measurements/wrong size wig
DECISIONS Determine the size	CUES Measurement of head.	Measure improperly 398

Γ			SCIENCE	FOR A WIG	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS
_	•		- •		Measurement: geometric — linear —
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	;	- :	r te	COMMUNI	CATIONS
	, ;	PERFORMANCE	MODES	<u>-</u>	IPLES SKILLS/CONCEPTS
	Seeing Touching			Taking the measurement Taking the measurement	

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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD	_
Record cards Measuring tape Envelope for hair samples Patron	Measure head Brush the hair down smoothly and pin as flat as possible Measure from hairline at middle of forehead around the head above the ears, to back of head and then_to starting point Measure from hairline at middle of forehead over top to nape of neck Measure ear to ear across forehead Measure across the crown, temple to temple Measure the width of nape line across nape of neck Cut hair sample off clean hair Specify quality of hair Determine length of hair Determine type of hair part and hair pattern Record two copies of above information Send one copy to wig dealer	Time loss/wrong shade ordered/wron	g wig
DECISIONS Determine color wig Determine length of wig Determine quality of wig/synthetic or human	CUES Patron preference Patron preference Patron preference	ERRORS Wrong color Wrong length Wrong wig	,

(TASK STATEMENT) ORDER WIG/HAIRPIECES

MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS SCIENCE Measurement: geometric - linear Hair structure and anatomy COMMUNICATIONS SKILLS/CONCEPTS **EXAMPLES** PERFORMANCE MODES Color, quality, cost, length, type of part or pattern style Description — accurate Speaking Discrimination between important and unimpor-Patron preference Listening tant information Descriptions — accurate Accuracy, making judgements/inferences Records Writing ' Color, quality, length, type of part or pattern Seeing/observing style

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(TASK STATEMENT) REPAIR A WIG OR HAIRPIECE

TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Needle Thread Netting Canvas (light weight) Scissors Long hair strands Wig or hairpiece	Determine kind of wig (wefted or hand-tied) Examine the problem Select materials to fit the problem Repair a hole in a hand-tied wig Flace a net on inside of wig and sew on outer and inner edge Knot hair strands to netting Repair a wefted wig by sewing weft into wig base Reduce wig size by tucking and sewing bulk areas Enlarge a wig by adding on netting or canvas	Ruining wig if wrong measurements are taken
DECISIONS Determine amount of base to remove if too large a wig Determine amount of hair to knot on netting	CUES Bulkiness in wig Match other areas of wig or hairpiece in texture of hair and thickness	Not removing enough Removing too much Repaired area does not match other part of wig
405		406

(TASK STATEMENT) REPAIR A WIG OR HAIRPIECE

	SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS	,	
ʻ	Structure and analysis of hair	Measurement: geometric — linear		

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		COMMUNICATIONS	
t Yarin la Tu	PERFORMANCE MODES Seeing/observing Touching Listening	EXAMPLES Bulkiness of wig, hole to be repaired Texture of hair, excessive base Complaints of customer	SKILLS/CONCEPTS Visual analysis, making a judgement Making judgements, decision making Discrimination between important and unimportant information
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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJEÇTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY – HAZARD
Wig Scissors Clips Patron or linen block	Section wig in six parts with a two inch guideline around the wig Cut guideline to the desired length Drop hair down in layers and cut to same length as guideline Pick up a strand of guideline with hands arched at a 45° angle, cut into longer hair Proceed with a sweeping upward motion Hairpiece proceed from 1" guideline same as above	Cutting the wig too short
DECISIONS Determine length of hairpiece or wig Determine style of wig or hairpiece	CUES Patron's preference Patron and operator confer	ERRORS Too short, cutting too close to base improper selection of style

(TASK STATEMENT) STYLE A WIG OR HAIRPIECE

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413

(TASK STATEMENT) STYLE A WIG OR	HAIRPIECE	
TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Comb Brush Setting lotion Linen block Clips Rollers Wig or hairpiece Patron	Clean wig Place about three ounces of non-flammable liquid cleanser in ceramic bowl Place wig or hairpiece upside down and swirl in counterclockwise and clockwise swirling mition Clean edges and inside of foundation with large cotton ball Place wig or hairpiece on linen block immediately following measurements of patron's head, pin securely Wet hair, apply setting lotion Style as you would a head of hair except at hairline Set hairline of wig in tape or pincurls to allow hair to hug face and neck Set hairpiece (chignon type) in few rollers as possible Brush when dry, comb/tease to please patron	Wig damage/rough treatment
DECISIONS Determine style of wig * f.	CUES Length of hair and patron's features	ERRORS A hard finished look (too wiggy)

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(TASK STATEMENT) STYLE A WIG OR HAIRPIECE

	SCIENCE		MATH - NUMBER SYST	EMS
Hair structure and ana	llysis			
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		COMMUNI	CATIONS	•

COMMUNICATIONS							
PERFORMA	NCE MODES	EXAMPLES '		SKILLS/CONCEPTS			
Seeing/observing Listening		Style hair to suit patron Opinion of patron as to style	. `	Making judgements Recognize opinions			
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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS,	SAFETY — HAZARD		
Non-flammable liquid cleanser Large ceramic bowl Cotton Linen block T-pins Wide tooth comb Towel	Place about three ounces of non-flammable liquid cleanser in ceramic bowl Place wig or hairpiece upside down and swirl in counterclockwise and clockwise swirling motion Clean edges and inside of foundation with large cotton ball	Hair loss/care in combing or brushing Hair matting/never rub or wring Hair coming through base (turning inside ou never use up and down motion when cleaning Wig shrinkage or stretching		
Wig	Place wig or hairpiece on linen block immediately - following measurements of patron's head Pin securely Dry Set and style			
DECISIONS If the hair is synthetic or human	CUES Give it the burn test	ERRORS Synthetic hair use liquid shampoo Human hair liquid/dry shampoo		

(TASK STATEMENT) CLEAN A HUMAN HAIR WIG OR HAIRPIECE-

	SCIENCE	MATH - NUMBER SYSTEMS			
Structure and anatomy of hair		Measurement: non-geometric — liquid			

COMMUNICATIONS

	PERFORMANCE MODES	EXAMPLES	SKILLS/CONCEPTS		
Touching Seeing		Feeling the hair texture Examine texture of hair	Making judgements, perception Visual analysis		
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TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, MATERIALS, OBJECTS ACTED UPON	STEPS	SAFETY - HAZARD
Squeeze bottle	Clean wig or hairpiece	Handle wig carefully
Towel	Place about three ounces of non-flammable	
Canvas head	liquid cleanser in ceramic bowl . Place wig or hairpiece upside down and swirl	
Comb * T-pins -	in counterclockwise and clockwise swirling	• •
Conditioner	motion	
Wig	Clean edges and inside of foundation with	, ,
	large cotton ball	
	Place wig or hairpiece on linen block immediately following measurements of patron's	
	head, pin securely	
	Pick out correct conditioner	
•	Read manufactuer's instructions	
• • •	Squeeze out conditioner through nozzle on wig Distribute evenly with large comb	
•	Leave on for suggested time	
***	Rinse if suggested by manufacturer	Can the contract of the contra
• • •	Set if necessary ,	
	36	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
DECISIONS :	CUES	ERRORS
nd of conditioner to use on the wig	Condition of wig	If too much creme conditioner is used, hair
	; .	will not hold set
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(TASK STATEMENT) CONDITION A HUMAN HAIR WIG OR HAIRPIECE

	SCIENCE	· s	4		MATH - NUMBER	SYSTEMS
Structure and anatomy of hair			es es	Measurement:	non-geometric — liquid	
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COMMUNICATIONS

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PERFORMANCE MODES		EXA	EXAMPLES			SKILLS/CONCEPTS		
Touching Observing Reading		Feel damage Degree of hair damage Label directions		•	Perception, making Visual analysis Instructions	g judgements		
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